SEEDS---CROP 1860.

2,000 BUSHELS CLEAN BLUE GRASS.

500 bushels extra do;
3,000 do Orchard Grass.
950 do Red-Top.
950 do Timothy.
300 do Clover.

Warranted crop 1860, and for sale at the lowest cash price. Liberal discount to the trade.

J. D. BONDURANT,
Seed and Agricultural Warehouse,
No. 108 Main street, near Sixth, north side.
ja24 dsm 1m1p

Business Cards.

E. T. SALE & CO.,
General Commission Agents,
NO. 34 WEST SIDE THIRD STREET,
Between Main and Water Streets.
je3dtf

B. J. PETERS. B. J. WEBB. F. M. SCRETT
PETERS, WEBB & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PIANO FORTES!
OFFICE AND WAREROOMS:
CORNER OF SIXTH AND MAIN STS.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Always on hand a complete stock of Piano Fortes, in every style of finish, Dealers Teachers, and heads of Schools are invited to examine our instruments. They will find them equal in tone, finish and durability, to any made, and from 10 to 20 per cent cheaper. jan24 dtf

JOHN SNYDER & CO.
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Flour & Commission Merchants,
306 Main street, between Third and Fourth,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

PARTICULAR attention given to the sale of Flour and Produce shipped to us. au2l dtf

J. H. MONTGOMERY,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 5 Jefferson street, between Third and Fourth,

Is daily receiving a beautiful assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings of the newest styles, which I intend to make up to order on reasonable terms and at the shortest notice, and will guarantee a fit to the most deformed.

P. S. Remember J. H. Montgomery. ol0dtf

F. FABEL & CO.,
(SUCCESSORS TO F. FABEL.)
NO. 142 THIRD ST., BET. MAIN AND RIVER
MANUFACTURERS OF
LARD OIL, SOAPS,
Star and Tallow Candles, &c.

THANKFUL for the patronage heretofore bestowed upon this house, we hope to merit a continuance of the same, and pledge ourselves to meet all demands in our line with the purest articles. au6 dtf

REMOVAL.
BRANDEIS & CRAWFORD,
GRAIN DEALERS,

HAVE removed to the new warehouse on the southwest corner of Main and First streets (Louisville), where they are prepared for all kinds of Grain delivered at our store, or at any good shipping point on the Ohio river. de2 dtf BRANDEIS & CRAWFORD.

J. H. SCHRŒDER & SON,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES AND LIQUORS,
BOURBON, RYE, SCOTCH AND IRISH WHISKIES, TOBACCO, CIGARS, CARDS AND BAR SUNDRIES.
28 Wall street, Louisville, Ky.
m21 dtf

F. WEIHE,
CAP MANUFACTURER,
Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson, opposite Gobel's Dealers Teachers, and heads of Schools are invited to examine our instruments. They will find them equal in tone, finish and durability, to any made, and from 10 to 20 per cent cheaper. jan24 dtf

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28 Wall street, Louisville, Ky.
m21 dtf

F. WEIHE,
CAP MANUFACTURER,
Fifth street, between Market and Jefferson, opposite Gobel's, Louisville, Ky.

KEEPS constantly on hand an assortment of CAPS, HATS, &c., which he sells at the lowest prices.

Military caps of all descriptions made to order at the shortest notice, and at lowest prices. au16 dtf

JOHN FLECK,
Lard Oil and Mould Candle
Manufacturer,
No. 7 Jefferson st., North side bet. Clay and Shelby,
And Third street, between Main and the River,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

FROM the convenience of my customs and the public in the middle and lower part of the city, I have, besides my factory on Jefferson street, opened a warehouse on Third street, between Main and river, where I hope to meet with a large patronage in my line. jan23dtf

W. H. C. DRYDEN,
Commission Merchant
AND
FEED AND PRODUCE DEALERS,
No. 22 Third street, bet. Main and the River,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

Personal attention given to the sale of Hay, Grain, Feed, Dried Fruit, Butter, Eggs, Apples, Potatoes, Flour, Bacon, Lard, &c.

Orders for Groceries, Liquors, and Manufactured Articles, solicited and filled on the most favorable terms.

Liberal cash advances made on consignments. fe7 dtf5

HART & CLARK,
No. 134 Third street, between Main and Market,
Have on hand and for sale low—
50 bbls Copper-distilled Whisky, 2 years old;
40 do do do. 3 do;
10 do do do. 3½ do;
10 do do do. 5 do;
5 quarter casks Old Port Wine;
2 do do Port Juice;
2 do do Madeira Wine;
2 do do Sherry Wine;
15 casks Younger's Scotch Ale;
1 pipe superfine old brick Whisky, 4 years old;
1 do do old Seal do, 2 do.
au6 dtf

P. S. GLOBE, of Louisville, Ky. } ROBERT DARLING, of Carrollton, Ky.
W. PARKE of Warren, Ohio.

N. S. GLORE & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 2 Fourth st. between Main and the River, Louisville, Ky.

Hay, Grain, and all kinds of Produce, bought and sold on commission.

Particular attention given to filling orders.

Agents for the sale of Ram White Flour, &c. ja12 dtf

S. GALLAGHER, Late of Louisville, Ky. } T. W. DYER, Late of Woodville, Miss.

GALLAGHER & DYER,
COT ON FACTORS
AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
NO. 33 CARONDELET STREET,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

N. B.—Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Pork, Beef, Lard, Bacon, Rope, Twine, Jeans and Linsey, to the above house. fe9

SPARKE & GALLAGHER,
GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 207 Main street, between Second and Third sts.
ja4 dtm LOUISVILLE, KY.

L. EISENMAN,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Groceries, Dry Goods, &c., &c,
Southeast corner Main and Campbell sts.
m27 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

ABNER COOPER,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Butter, Cheese and Produce,
145 FOURTH STREET, BET. MAIN AND RIVER.
au6 dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

WOLF & DURRINGER,
MANUFACTURERS OF JEWELRY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Watches, Clocks, Silver and Plated Ware,
Corner of Fifth and Market, Louisville, Ky.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE REMOVED TO THE commodious building, corner Fifth and Market streets, where they have opened a large and complete stock of Watches and Jewelry. This assortment comprises American, English and Swiss Watches, and Jewelry of their own manufacture, of the richest and most elegant styles and patterns; also, Clocks of the best manufacture, and Silver and Plated Ware.

We invite the attention of purchasers, and pledge ourselves to sell as low as can be bought in the East.

Diamonds are set to order. Watches and Jewelry repaired and warranted.

Highest price paid for California Gold. jan17

LIGHTBURN & WARD,
(Successors to A. E. Ward & Co.)
CORNER OF MAIN AND TWELFTH STS.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.
MAKE TO ORDER ALL KINDS OF
Machinery, Tools, Implements,
Fixtures, &c., &c.,
SUCH as Portable Steam Engines, Stationary Steam Engines, Steam Boilers, Steam Lard-extracting Apparatus, Wood-working Machinery, Bartholomew's Patent Kneading Machines, warranted equal to anything in use. Also, Malt Mills, and Brewer's Machinery generally; Pumps, Pipes, &c.—Chain Pumps for Coal Pits; Pattern Making, Drawing, Designing and a general variety of Plain and Fancy Wood Work, Carving, Turning, Sawing, Planing, &c.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Work carefully packed to ship to any destination. jy21 dtf

A. V. DU PONT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
NEWS, BOOK, AND COLORED PAPERS,
ALSO WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PAPER OF ALL KINDS.
CASH PAID FOR RAGS AT THE OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE PAPER MILL, No. 447 MAIN STREET. jy5

RICHARDSON'S
IRISH LINENS,
DAMASKS, DIAPERS, &c.

CONSUMERS of Richardson's Linens, and those desirous of obtaining the genuine goods should see that the articles they purchase are so stamped. The full name of the firm

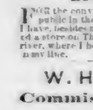
J. N. Richardson, Sons & Owden,

as a guarantee of the soundness and durability of the Goods.

This caution is rendered essentially necessary as large quantities of inferior and defective Linens are now in the market, and sold under the name of RICHARDSON, by Irish Hawkers, who, regardless of the injury thus inflicted on the American consumer and the manufacturers of the genuine Goods, will not readily abandon a business so profitable, while purchasers can be imposed on with Goods of a worthless character.

J. Bullocke & J. B. Locke,
sole Agents, 34 Read st. New York.
ap9 dly

PAPER HANGINGS.



The subscribers would call attention to their fine stock of FRENCH, ENGLISH, AND AMERICAN PAPER HANGINGS!

Having just received Cary cases of NEW PATTERNS, selected with great care by one of the firm, who lately visited the manufacturing districts both of Europe and this country, they are prepared to exhibit a larger assortment than ever before shown in Louisville, and are determined to sell at prices as low as any house in the United States.

MEGAN & BECOTT.
oct9

GOLDEN SYRUP. 50 packages fall immee Golden Syrup, bbls, halves and kegs, in store and for sale by jy20 TYLER & MARIUS.

COAL! COAL!

I HAVE for sale, at all times, by the barge and at retail, and at the lowest market price, best quality PITTSBURG COAL. Also, BEACH BOTTOM COAL at much lower rates.

J. N. KELLOGG, Agent,
ap14 dtf Third street, near corner of Main.

Mechanical.

WATER! WATER!
LOUISVILLE PLUMBING
ESTABLISHMENT,
NO. 824 THIRD STREET, NEAR JEFFERSON.

Water Pipes, Hydrants, Hose, &c.

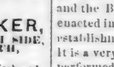
WE ARE prepared to introduce WATER PIPES into Dwellings, Stores and Factories, on reasonable terms. We have a full stock of Bath Tubs, Water Closets, Shower Baths, Wash Basins, Hydrants, Hose and Hose Reels. Having a long experience in the business, we guarantee all our work in a workmanlike manner, and will execute all work entrusted to us.

DONALY & STRADER,
my14 dtf Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters.

DAVID LANE,
SHEET IRON WORKER,
NO. 280 MAIN STREET, NORTH SIDE,
BETWEEN NINTH AND TENTH,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

All kinds of Steamboat Sheet Iron Work made to order. Shearing, Slide at shortest notice. All kind of repairing promptly attended to. GAS HOLDERS of all sizes made to Order on reasonable terms. fe9 dly

MOORE'S



WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
MAMMOTH FURNITURE DEPOT,
CHAIRS, MATTRESSES, &c.
No. 218 east side Fourth street, between Market and Main, LOUISVILLE, KY. jy11 dly

HOUSEKEEPRS' EMPORIUM.

P. M. JONES,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
STOVES AND TINWARE,
PATENT REFRIGERATORS,
Water Coolers, Bath Tubs,
—AND—
Housekeeping Articles Generally.
NO. 77 FOURTH STREET,
Two doors a ove National Hotel,
au22dtf LOUISVILLE, KY.

ARCHITECTURAL FOUNDRY.

SWEANEY & CO.,
PORTLAND AV., BELOW FOURTEENTH ST.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

MANUFACTURE to order, Iron Fronts, Air Grates and Sash Accompaniments; Drain Pipes, &c.; also Iron Window Caps and Sills.

All orders for Iron Work promptly attended to and guaranteed; old dly

CORRUGATED WROUGHT IRON AND WIRE RAILING.

SECURED BY LETTERS PATENT.—Admirably adapted for enclosing Public Grounds, Cemeteries, Balconies, Cottages, &c. Sheep and Ox Hurdles, Farm Fencing, &c. Manufactured in every variety of Folding Iron Bedsteads and Iron Furniture, Patent Wire Coal Screens, Ore, Sand and Gravel Screens, Wire Netting for Manufacturing Purposes, and other purposes; Wire Summer Houses, Fancy Wire Work, Lawn Settees, Garden Hurdles, &c.

M. WALKER & SONS, Manufacturers,
No. 515 Market, N.E. corner Sixth st., Philada.
oct26 dly

WATER WORKS

THOS. WILLIAMS..... GEO. BROBSTON.

Thos. Williams & Co.,
North side of Market street, between Third and Fourth.

WE ARE PREPARED TO INTRODUCE WATER INTO DWELLINGS, STORES, FACTORIES &c., on favorable terms. The Louisville Water Company) on reasonable terms

Having had a long experience in the business, we guarantee all our work to be done in a proper manner.

WATER CLOSETS, WASH BASINS, BATHING APPARATUS, SINKS, and everything in the PLUMBING LINE furnished and put up.

my12 dtf

CLAY STREET
Planing Mill and Lumber Yard,
ON CLAY STREET, NEAR THE RIVER.
Door, Blind and Sash Factory.

MANUFACTURERS and Dealers in all kinds of Sash, Doors, Blinds, Shutters, Mouldings, Architraves, Plinths and glazed Frames. Mantles, Base, Architraves, Pilasters, Mouldings, Window and Yellow Pine Flooring, Steamboat Decking, dressed and unfinished Weather-boarding, Shelving, &c. We keep constantly on hand in large stock of Manufactured Pine and Plain Lumber of superior quality, suitable for the finish of Front and Brick Houses.

Dressing, Slipping, Matching, Scroll Sawing, and Turning, &c., done to order at reasonable rates.—Send for bill of prices.

jan27 dly H. McCLARAN & CO.

COTTON CAULKING,
AND
BATTING FACTORY,
Corner Rowan and Thirteenth Streets,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

THE undersigned respectfully informs his patrons and the public that he has enlarged his establishment for the manufacture of the above articles, and have them always on hand.

ABR. HADFIELD.

N.B.—City orders delivered free of charge.
je4dtf

Jewelry Store--Fine Watches.

UNDER the National Hotel. The undersigned would call the attention of ladies and the public to his choice assortment of every describable article, including the following, all of which are offered on accommodating terms: Fashionable jewelry: Coral, Cameo, Pearl, Diamond, &c. Miniatures, &c. Chains, Jewelry, Rings, &c.: English, Swiss, and American Gold and Silver Watches, fine Spectacles, Opile Glasses, Surveyors' Compasses. Watchmakers' Materials. Manufacturer of Silverware: prices for everything reasonable. EUGENE MICHOT,
jy25dtf Manufacturer.

JAS. BRIDGEFORD & CO.,
(Successors to Wright & Bridgeford.)
LOUISVILLE STOVE AND GRATE
FOUNDRY,
Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Manufactory,
AND DEALERS IN
TIN PLATE, COPPER, BLOCK TIN, ZINC, WIRE, &c.,
Tinners' Tools and Machines,
West side of Sixth street, one door from Main, Louisville, Ky.

Spring Wagons! Spring Wagons!
COOLING & BLUNDEN,
MAIN STREET, BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND

Have for sale several sizes of CHAMBERLAIN & CO.'S CELEBRATED SPRING WAGONS, which they will sell LOW for CASH. au dtf

WILLIAM KAYE,

BELL and Brass Founder, Water street, between First and Second, Louisville, Ky. prepared to make Bells for Churches, Steamboats, Taverns, &c., of the best and superior tone, of which he keeps an assortment on hand.

Also, Hose and Salt Screws, Oil Globes, Cylinder, Gauge, and Globe Cocks, Steam Gauges, Copper Rivets, Spelter Solder and Brass Castings of every description.

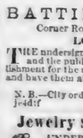
CASH paid for old Copper and Brass jly dtf

VENITIAN BLIND FACTORY.

THIRD STREET, between Main and Market—Venitian Blinds of every size, color and price. Store Cloth, Counter Merry Mixs, Copper Blinds repaired, and Blind Trimmings for sale. Established 1838.

feb9 dawly BENJ. FLOOD.

P. BANNON'S



Falls City Terra Cotta Works,
FIFTH STREET, NEAR WALNUT,
LOUISVILLE KY.

MANUFACTURER of all kinds of Ornaments for the exterior decoration of Buildings, such as Capitals for Columns, Antæ, Cornices, Brackets, Consoles, Bosses for Cornices, Doors, &c., Chimney Tops and Garden Vases, of every variety of design. STUCCO WORK—Centre pieces, Moulding Ornaments, &c., of the latest and most modern style—always on exhibition at the Works. Other designs with references and price list to be had on application. mr7 dtf

JAPANESE SOAP!
JOHN F. GUNKEL & CO.'S
Detersive and Erasive
SOAP!
LOUISVILLE KENTUCKY

WE OFFER this SOAP to the public with the full assurance that, if the directions given are carefully followed out, it will save time, labor and money. All we ask is a fair trial; then feel that reliance upon its own merits. Among other advantages it will never sour after Washing Soaps, the following may be mentioned:

1. This Soap is warranted not to injure the fabric.
2. But one half the quantity of Soap will be required to do a washing by using this Soap in preference to any other.
3. The clothes need but little rubbing, and in most cases no boiling.
4. For washing hands it is greatly superior to any common Soap, as it does not chap, but has a tendency to soften the skin.
5. It cannot be surpassed for removing Ink, Tar and Grease Spots, also for cleaning Paints.
6. The superiority of this Soap consists in its not containing any excess of alkalies, and the materials used rendering it more mild than any Soap known.
7. It is unobjectionably the best Family Soap extant, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction, or the money will be refunded.

All orders sent to the undersigned through the Post-office, or given our wagons, will meet with prompt attention.

my23 dtf JNO. F. GUNKEL & CO.

COAL! COAL!

WM. L. MURPHY keeps constantly on hand a large supply of the best Pittsburg and Youghiogheny Coal. Also the "Hartford City Coal," note better for steam or coking purposes; used by many families of the city, who prefer it nearly equal to Pittsburgh, and superior to any other now in use for grates and family purposes. All I ask is a fair trial of it, and I warrant it will give satisfaction.—Sold wholesale and retail at the lowest cash prices.

Office east side Fourth street, below Main, and Third street, between Main and Market. my2 dtf

DAILY COURIER.

LOUISVILLE:

FRIDAY MORNING..... JANUARY 18

Gov. Magoffin's Message.

The Message of Gov. Magoffin will be found in another column. It is brief but comprehensive, and gives an enlightened consideration to the great questions that agitate the country. He discusses these matters with ability; and shows that he is sincere and honest and patriotic in his endeavors to heal the unhappy difficulties that distract the country.

THEATER.—There was a very fine audience assembled last night at the theater. The first piece went off very well and effectively, Miss Emma being very happy in that quiet, refined style of acting which suits her form and presence so well. Beauty and the Beast, we are pleased to say, was enacted in a style more creditable to the establishment than on its first production. It is a very pleasing extravaganza, and well performed, should attract an audience for several nights in succession.

The most prominent feature in the entertainment was, however, the Union song by Mr. Hayes, sung by Miss Ada, who appeared draped in the flag of the Union. It was received with perfect thunders of applause, each verse creating a tempest of enthusiasm. At the conclusion it was loudly encored, and at the close of its repetition, a call was made upon the audience by some one in the crowd for three cheers for the Union. The call was responded to unanimously, and three louder or heartier cheers, we will venture to assert, were never heard from an equal number of people.

To-night the Misses Webb take a benefit, it being their last appearance but one in our city. We hope they will have a crowded house, as their merits really deserve it. The plays are Aline, or the Rose of Killarney, and the protean farce of A Day too Late.

THE FREE NEGRO LAW.—In the Police Court yesterday, Jacob Mitchum, a free negro, was presented on a felony warrant, accusing him of coming to the State contrary to the act passed by the last Legislature. It appeared that Jacob lived back of New Albany a short distance, and had come to Portland to see about going on a boat. He had not been in Kentucky more than half an hour before he was arrested. He was committed to jail in default of bail to answer a felony at the Circuit Court. This law in regard to free negroes is very strict—not allowing negroes from other States to come here for any purpose whatever; and if a free negro of this State crosses the river he cannot return without being guilty of a felony. Free negroes residing in Free States, who may come here on boats, though engaged on them, are also liable to be punished for a felony. We understand that it is the intention of the police to enforce the law to the very letter.

FRESHET ABOVE—TRAINS DELAYED.—The Nashville Banner of Wednesday says that information from Wartrace, on the Nashville and Chattanooga road, was received on Tuesday, stating that the creek and rivers in that section were quite over their banks, and that one of the road bridges was washed away by the waters a few miles beyond Wartrace Station. This was the cause of the delay of the trains. It will be necessary for some time to run trains from Chattanooga and Nashville, meeting at the point where the bridge has given way, for the transportation of passengers and the mails. The recent heavy rains have been general, and the mountain rivers and creeks have swollen to such an extent as to make the supposition of an overflow here almost a certainty.

CITY COUNCIL.—The Council, at the instance of the Board of Aldermen, declined to enter into the election of City Engineer, last evening.

Judge Nicholas and Charles Ripley, Esq., petitioned the city to pay them $1,000 for their services in the Police Bill case.

The "beer" ordinance, which allows grocery keepers to sell beer by paying $50 license annually, was adopted. This will add $15,000 per year to the revenue of the city, it is said.

Mr. Pomeroy introduced a resolution in the Common Council, substantially that city property shall be valued at 20 per cent. less than the valuation of last year.

☞ In yesterday's paper we stated that under an act passed by the last Legislature the County Attorney of this county, John Jones, jr., thought himself entitled to 30 per centum of the fines imposed in the City Court of Louisville, and had, in consequence of the same, asked a rule against Wm. Benson, the Marshal, to show cause why the same had not been paid him. We are credibly informed that it is not only his opinion, but the opinion of the Court of Appeals, as decided a few weeks since by that body in the case of Gross vs. Jones. "We make the correction for the benefit of those most concerned."

OBTAINING COAL UNDER FALSE PRETENSES.—Policeman John Martz committed to the lock-up yesterday a woman, named Mary O'Hara, on a felony warrant, sued out by the Relief and Employment Association, charging her with obtaining a load of coal under false and fraudulent pretenses, representing herself to be entirely destitute of fuel, when she really had enough to last her until spring.

HANDSOME DONATION.—Michael Booker, a benevolent butcher, donated to the Relief and Employment Association yesterday one hundred pounds of beef for the suffering poor of the city. Mr. Booker's benevolence is highly commendable, and we hope that his brother butchers will show their generosity by following Mr. Booker's example.

☞ The benefit of Mr. Lewis Jacobson, of the German Theater, occurs on Wednesday night, the 23d, at Concert Hall. It was postponed from last week on account of the unfavorable weather. Tickets already disposed of will be good for that night.

LUNCH AT THE UNITED STATES SALOON.—Hamilton & Bro., of the United States Saloon, serve a lunch of ham, cold slaw, &c., every day at 11 o'clock, and also at night. Their attentive agent, Mr. Charles Gross, will wait upon their customers with courtesy and urbanity.

GRAND JURY.—The Grand Jury of the City Court has been called for next Wednesday, the 23d inst., when all persons who have been recognized to appear are requested to do so, or they will be proceeded against according to law.

☞ Elrod's Gallery is No. 409 Main street, below Fourth. The new style of pictures, in oil colors, called the Heideograph, are made only by Elrod. The price of these beautiful pictures is very low.

☞ Rev. Henry Keigwin, a licentiate of the Presbytery of Louisville, has been ordained and installed pastor of the Presbyterian Church in Cahawba, Alabama, by the Presbytery of South Alabama.

☞ Rev. Dr. Nathan L. Rice, of Chicago, has received a unanimous call to become pastor of the large and important church, in New York city, left vacant by the death of Dr. James W. Alexander.

☞ Our old friend Frank Madden is a candidate for Mayor in the District composed of the Third and Fourth Wards.

☞ W. P. Campbell, Esq., has been named as a good selection for Major, in the district composed of the First and Second Wards. Election on Saturday.

☞ $9,000 Kentucky State 6's sold in New York on Tuesday at 90¾.

☞ See Bland's advertisement. Money loaned on diamonds, &c. Office on Market-street, between Third and Fourth.

☞ Mr. Holt has written to Governor Pickens that Major Anderson must have his mail matter, not occasionally, as caprice may suggest, but regularly; otherwise mail facilities, which are so expensive to the Government, will be withdrawn from the State.

☞ *Louisville Gold Pen Manufactory, Main Street, four doors below Third.*

MATTERS AT FRANKFORT.

[EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

Full Attendance of Members—Politicians on Hand—Deep Feeling but no Excitement—Arming of the State—Convention—Neglected and Fossil Politicians Opposed to both—Governor's Message—A Good and Spirited Document, &c., &c.

FRANKFORT, KY., Jan. 17, 1860.

The members of both Houses of the Legislature are nearly all in their seats, there not being, we believe, more than ten or twelve absentees.

The city is full of strangers, among them being a number of the most adroit politicians in the State.

There is scarcely any excitement prevailing, but the feeling is marked and universal. There are few here who do not appreciate the nature of the difficulties that have called the representatives of the people together; and we are pleased to believe that a large majority of the Legislature are determined to meet the crisis, which they can neither avoid nor postpone, with the spirit of *men*.

We believe the action of the General Assembly will be worthy of the position of the State and the character of her people.

The questions of most moment, and upon which it is being attempted to draw party lines, are the propositions that will be made to arm the State and call a Convention. Through the active efforts of political leaders a strong feeling has been excited against both these measures; and when they come for consideration, an animated and exciting discussion may be expected; but we are not willing to think of the result as doubtful.

As to arming the State, indeed, there is scarcely room for objection or opposition. Disunion is a fixed fact; and whether by rightful secession, or by revolution, the fact is the same, and must be treated as a substantive something affecting vitally our interests, our peace, and our safety. War between the Federal Government and the seceding States seems inevitable; and Kentucky cannot escape being drawn into the conflict. Should she go with the South, she will fight for her independence and her rights by the side of her sisters. If, on the other hand, she remains where she is, thus by inaction making herself a part of the Northern Confederacy, she will be compelled to fight with her enemies and against her friends. In either event, it seems impossible for her to escape becoming a party to any conflict that may follow from recent and pending events. The duty of the Legislature to act in view of this fact seems plain.

The Convention question will meet with a more decided opposition. There are in Kentucky a number of retired politicians, of more than average talents and zeal, but whose services in the main have been dispensed with by their fellow-citizens, whose Federal notions and aristocratic tendencies are in favor of a strong Government, who do not recognize the independence or sovereignty of the States, and who are greatly desirous that their long-cherished opinions on these subjects may now be carried out in the action of the Federal Government, though the result should be civil war. *They* will not recognize facts which have startled the world with their importance; and all their influence is directed really to cut our State loose from the other Slave States, and tie her on to the Free States of the North, and compel her to furnish men and money to coerce the seceding States back into a Union from which they have withdrawn. This is their object, and they will achieve it, if possible, by any means that may enable them to do so.

Charging that this Legislature does not reflect the will of the people, they, nevertheless, dare not appeal to the people, and will do all that may be done to prevent a submission of questions involving the future relations of the State to the people. They want to force Kentucky, by the arts of political management, to remain alone of all the slaveholding States with those who would, in a very few years, wipe out $200,000,000 of the property of her citizens—a lamb in the home of the wolf.

We think, nevertheless, the State will be armed, and a Convention of the people authorized.

The Governor's Message is a good document—short, pointed, well written, and spirited. He recognizes disunion as a fact, with which we must deal despite of theories; and in plain terms and with strong reasons urges the propositions we have mentioned. He advises an indorsement of Mr. CRITTENDEN'S propositions; and is in favor of a Convention of the Border Slave States at Baltimore some time in February. Altogether, it is a message that will give great satisfaction.

The Opposition, or rather the "Submissionists," are well organized, and will make a sharp effort to indorse something looking to a Central Confederacy, and then adjourn. If they cannot succeed in this, they will fight every proposition to place the State in the position which her interests, her honor, and her safety demand that she should occupy. Their object is to delay any definite action, if they cannot prevent it, until it will be too late to act at all.

Resolutions were introduced in both houses to-day; in the House by Mr. WOLF, and in the Senate by Mr. FISK, directing the appointment of a Special Committee to inquire into the propriety of a Convention of the Border Free *and* Border Slave States and other matters. It was ordered to be printed, and postponed until Monday.

Judge BRECK, Cassius M. CLAY, GARRETT DAVIS, and others of that class of old politicians are here; and a number of other gentleman of both parties are in the city.

**

LETTER FROM TENNESSEE.

[Correspondence of the Louisville Courier.]

Action of the Tennessee Legislature—A Convention to be Called—Public Feeling in the State—Tennessee True to Herself and the South—All Party Lines Obliterated, &c.

STATE CAPITOL, NASHVILLE, TENN., January 15, 1860.

Editors Louisville Courier: There is but little doubt now as to what will be the action of Tennessee. The bill calling an election on the 9th, and a Convention on the 18th of February, has passed the House, and will most likely pass the Senate in a short time.

Attention will forthwith be given to the military strength of the State, and every course adopted, both by the Legislature and the people, which will tend to a rapid and final determination of the exact position of Tennessee. The feeling every day is approaching to unanimity, all former party lines being utterly extinguished. The events that have served to hasten this result are too obvious to need explanation to any Southern man. With South Carolina, Alabama, Mississippi, and Florida, and *all* seceding States, Tennessee will go, for her sympathy is with them, and she could go nowhere else, if she would, with safety and honor. The hitherto most prominent conservative men in the State are coming to immediate and unconditional secession. The recent out-speaking of the political Abraham of Republicanism, through the Springfield Journal, and the unsatisfactory speech of Bill Seward recently made, tend rapidly to culminate the resolution in Tennessee to dally no longer.

Gov. Harris' message is admitted to be the best exposition of the feeling of Tennessee we have yet had.

Respectfully, B——.

☞ A desperate riot took place near Hayesville, in this county, one day last week, in which a man, whose name we did not learn, was dreadfully cut and beat up by five desperadoes. During the difficulty a woman received a flesh-wound in the arm by a pistol ball. We did not learn the particulars.—Lebanon Kentuckian.

ACQUITTED.—As we stated last week, Judge Nuttall held a special term of his court at this place on the 7th inst., for the trial of John B. Roberts for the murder of Salyers. Eminent counsel were employed on both sides, and many able speeches were made. On Thursday the case was given to the jury, who, after a short consultation, rendered a verdict of acquittal. —[Newcastle Democrat.

KENTUCKY LEGISLATURE.

[Reported especially for the Louisville Courier.]

FRANKFORT, Thursday, Jan. 17, 1860.

SENATE.

This being the day appointed by the Governor in his proclamation, for the convening of the Legislature of Kentucky, at 12 o'clock the Senate was called to order by Hon. T. P. PORTER, the Speaker.

Prayer was then offered by Rev. B. T. LAUY, of the Presbyterian Church.

The roll was called, and all the Senators appeared except Messrs. Irvan, Jenkins, Johnson, and Rousseau.

Hon. JAS. SIMPSON, elected to fill the vacancy in the Thirty-Third District, appeared, presented his certificate of election, was qualified, and took his seat.

Mr. BONNER offered a resolution to appoint a committee to inform the House of Representatives that the Senate was organized and ready to proceed to the transaction of business. Adopted, and Messrs. Bonner, Grimsly, and Taylor were appointed said committee.

A message was received from the House of Representatives by Mr. HITT, announcing the organization of that body, and the appointment of a committee on the part of the House of Representatives, to wait on the Governor, and inform him of the organization of the Legislature, and its readiness to receive any communication from him.

On motion of Mr. GROVER a committee on the part of the Senate was appointed to wait upon the Governor, and receive any communication from him.

Messrs. Grover, Rhea, and Prall, were appointed said committee.

Mr. PENNEBAKER offered a resolution appointing J. W. Pruett, Jr., and Chas. Campbell, pages for the present called session. Adopted unanimously.

The Committee appointed to wait on the Governor reported that they had performed the duty assigned them, and were requested by him to say to the Senate that he would in a short time send to the Senate a Message in writing.

A Message in writing was received from the Governor by the hands of Mr. T. B. Monroe, jr., Secretary of State. The Message was read by the clerk.

Mr. ANDREWS moved that the usual number of copies of the Message be printed. Adopted.

Mr. FISK offered a resolution to instruct the Committee on Federal Relations, which is as follows:

Resolved, That the Committee on Federal Relations be and are hereby instructed to inquire into the propriety of reporting, submitting what are known as the Crittenden Amendments to the Constitution of the United States, to the vote of the qualified voters of Kentucky on the 22d day of February next; and directing the Governor to request the Governors of the States of Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Missouri, Arkansas, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Illinois, and Indiana, to cause the same to be submitted to the voters of their respective States on the same day; and that the Governor appoint two Commissioners to meet two Commissioners from each of the aforesaid States in Cincinnati, in the State of Ohio, on the day of March next, for the purpose of preparing amendments to the Constitution of the United States, in order that such amendments may be adopted by the Legislature of the United States as shall heal the discord now existing among them, restore fraternal feeling, and also protect the just rights of all the people in all the States and Territories, and forever remove the slavery question from the halls of the National Legislature; and that the said Committee report such bill or otherwise, at their earliest convenience.

On motion the resolution was ordered to be printed, and made the order of the day for 11 o'clock to-morrow.

Mr. ANDREWS offered the following joint resolution, which lies over one day under the rule, viz:

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, in General Assembly, That we approve the proposition submitted to the Senate of the United States by our Senator, Hon. John J. Crittenden, as a proper basis for the settlement of the existing national difficulties on the subject of slavery.

Several other joint resolutions were offered, which lie over, and will be noticed when called up, as we could not obtain copies of them.

Adjourned until 10 o'clock to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

This being the day fixed upon by the proclamation of His Excellency, the Governor, for the meeting of the General Assembly, at 12 o'clock the House was called to order by CLINTON McCLARTY, Esq., the Clerk of the last session.

Mr. TEVIS offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the officers of the House of Representatives of the last session and they are hereby declared the officers of the House for the present session.

The Speaker, Hon. D. MERRIWETHER, then took the Chair, and addressed the House.

The Throne of Grace was then addressed by Rev. W. T. MOORE, of the Christian Church.

Mr. CARLISLE offered the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the Speaker be, and is hereby requested to invite the ministers of the Gospel, resident in Frankfort, to open the House with prayer each morning during the session.

On motion, Messrs. Hitt, Redman, and Sneed were appointed a Committee to act with a Committee of the Senate to wait upon the Governor and inform him that the Legislature was ready to receive any communication he might have to make.

A message was received from the Senate by Messrs. Bonner and Taylor, informing the House that the Senate had organized and was ready to proceed to legislative business.

Mr. ALEXANDER offered the following resolution, which was adopted, viz:

Resolved, That the newspaper reporters of this House be allowed seats on this floor during the sessions of this body.

On motion of Mr. TEVIS, the rules of the last House were adopted as the rules of this, and one hundred and fifty copies ordered to be printed.

Mr. ARMSTRONG offered a resolution permitting reporters out of this Common wealth to occupy seats on the floor of this House. Adopted.

Mr. DORAN asked leave to bring in a bill to establish the town of Hardyville, in Hart county. Postponed until Saturday.

Mr. HITT, from the committee appointed to wait upon the Governor, reported that they had performed that duty, and that the Governor requested them to say to the House of Representatives that he would send a message to them in writing.

A message was received from

Business Notices.

DRAWINGS OF THE
Shelby College Lottery of Kentucky.
R. FRANCE & CO., MANAGERS

CLASS 50, January 17, 1861:
70 55 31 63 44 69 27 26 23 19 59 58

CLASS 61, January 17 1861.
56 -6 52 -2 -8 -3 63 -1 42 20 -9 78 62 34 47

R. FRANCE & CO., Managers,
No. 204 Main street, Louisville, Ky.

MONEY LOANED.—Ladies or gentlemen requiring loans of any amount on Diamonds, Plate, etc., can be accommodated by applying at the Exchange office, 456 Market street, between Third and Fourth, north side, five doors above Fourth. Tickets in the Shelby College and Havana plain Lotteries for sale, or forwarded to any address. Prizes cashed. Office private, business prompt, honorable, and strictly confidential. A. BLAND. sep30 dtf

MONEY LOANED.—Ladies and gentlemen requiring loans of any amount on Diamonds, Watches, Silverware, &c., can be accommodated at the Exchange Office, No. 88 Third street, between Market and Jefferson.

☞ Business prompt, honorable, and strictly confidential. JULIUS MENDEL. je30 d1y

☞ We would call the particular attention of every reader to the advertisement of McLEAN'S STRENGTHENING CORDIAL and VOLCANIC OIL LINIMENT. They are too well known in this community to require recommendation. But there are many of our readers who are suffering from a derangement of the digestive organs, without the slightest idea of the real cause, giving rise to symptoms such as despondency, nervous unpleasant feeling, indecision, lack of energy, making existence a burden. To all who may be afflicted, try this Cordial: it will give immediate relief. To all who may be afflicted with Sores or Pains of any kind, try the Liniment. See the advertisement in another column. jan5 dim

REDUCTION IN FANCY DRESS GOODS.—Martin & Crumbaugh, 391 Fourth street, will offer from this date until the receipt of their spring importations, their entire stock of fancy dress goods at a large reduction on early prices, comprising Rich Fancy Dress Silks, Brocade and Embroidered Poplins, real Irish Poplins, Rich Printed De Laines and Merinoes, Rept Merinoes, Plain French and Satin Face Merinoes, Long and Square Shawls in great variety, Plain and Embroidered Velvet Manties, together with many other descriptions of goods. They are just in receipt of a large stock of the choicest brands of Bleached Sheetings, Irish Linens, Shirt Fronts, Bleached and Brown Flannels, 10-4 Bleached and Brown Sheetings, Super Bed, Crib, and Cot Blankets; Welch, Saxony, Ballardvale, and Shaker Flannels, which they are selling at their usual low prices. dec1

NEW GOODS.—Guthrie & Brothers are receiving their second importation of Dry Goods, bought since the decline, which enables them to sell at prices much lower than usual rates. Rept Poplins in all colors. French and Irish Poplins—all grades new prints, Merinoes, Black Poplins and Mourning Goods. Evening Silks, Hosiery, &c.

This is a rare chance for choice goods at very low prices. nov9

TO THE LADIES!

LATE ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS
BY EXPRESS THIS MORNING.

G. B. TABB corner Fourth and Market streets, receives goods every morning.

FANCY DRESS SILKS; VELOURS;
IRISH POPLINS; EVENING SILKS;
BROCHE CUT ARMANS; RICH MERINOES;
ELEGANT VELVET CLOAKS;
SILK AND CLOTH CLOAKS;
Embracing a variety of new and popular styles. For bargains and the best styles, call early.

G. B. TABB,
Corner of Fourth and Market streets.
jy27

FURNITURE.—Wharton & Bennett keep always on hand a very large assortment of cabinet furniture of every description at wholesale and retail, cheap for cash. Their motto is quick sales and small profits. Recollect the Nos. 502 and 504, Market street, between Second and Third.

DAILY COURIER.

LOUISVILLE.

FRIDAY MORNING ..... JANUARY 18

REMOVAL.

The COURIER office has been removed to the new buildings erected especially for our use, on the south side of Green street, below Third, next to the Custom House and Post Office.

The Union.

We stand sad and solemn by an open grave. Our hearts are rent and our spirits cry out in anguish as the dull earth falls into the sepulcher, and we hear the words "dust to dust and ashes to ashes." It is the grave of the Union.

That Union, so honored and beloved; consecrated by so many glorious memories; gilded by so many bright anticipations—once the synonym for greatness and happiness, for prosperity and peace! we still pronounce the name with deep emotion and reverence. We mourn as over the untimely grave of one early and faithfully loved, and yield to the gush of tender feeling as towards a friend and protector of our early youth.

But when we have thus dropped the tear of love and regret to the memory of the departed, we arise from our grief and proceed to the sterner duties that press upon us.

This life is not all soft and sweet romance: there are realities that are not to be met by sighing and sentiment; and ills which cannot be cured by rose water and sweet perfumes. These realities are continually forced upon us in a way that they cannot be avoided; and he has best learned the lesson, who rightly meets them—who divests the subject of all glories, and is willing, nay determined, to see the bare and naked truth.

It is thus that we propose to speak of the Union at this time. Those who regard it with all the ardor of a romantic attachment, and others who think of it only as remembered in early times when it was truly fair and lovely, will not admit that any charm has been lost or its beauty impaired, much less that its virtue is gone. Such claim for it virtues it does not possess, and ascribe to it results which it cannot possible produce.

In this blind adulation of the Union, it is pronounced to be the source of all our blessings; the palladium of our liberty; the bulwark of our rights, our glory, and our safety, with innumerable other expressions extravagant and absurd, of the same tenor. This is truly blind idolatry. The prime source of all our blessings is God, the giver of all good, who gives this rich inheritance to so noble a race and preserves and blesses them in it. The palladium of our liberty is the Constitution, to be guarded sacredly and religiously as the ark of our covenant. The bulwark of our rights is in the provisions of the Government as constructed with all its checks and balances, in General Government and State Governments. Our glory and our safety is liberty with all these things, preserved and perpetuated by the intelligence and virtue of the people. The Union of itself is positively none of them.

It sounds harsh, and may seem ungracious, to say further that the Union not only is none of these things, and produces none of them, but that on the contrary it rather endangers them all. This was well understood by our fathers when this Union was made. Hence the long labor of months and years to form it; hence the scrupulous care with which all these things were guarded, lest in the Union they should be lost; and hence the Constitution itself, and all the bulwarks of our complicated Government.

What, then, was the benefit proposed by forming the Union? We answer simply, *strength*. They had liberty and all the rights they asked; they combined to maintain and to protect them. Other incidental benefits followed, but this was the chief, and which compensated them for the risk incurred. "Union is strength," was the motto in the early days of the Republic, and not that it was of itself liberty or glory. It was to obtain strength that they gave up some of their rights and endangered all.

It follows, then, by an inevitable logic that our liberty, our rights, the Constitution, and the equality of the States, are before and above the Union. Whenever these are not secured, then the object of the Union fails, and its very strength becomes its greatest danger. My Lord COKE lays it down as a principal of law and justice that "When the reason of a thing ceases, the thing itself should cease."

We say these things with sorrow and with sadness. We should to God there was no necessity for saying them. Let the Union be preserved for the ends for which it was made, but not for improper ends, nor by improper means. Now that the minds of the people are aroused, let the matter be sifted to the bottom. Let there be the fullest possible exposition of the true nature of liberty and the purpose of the Union. Then may these questions be settled on the eternal principles of justice and for all generations. If settled by appeals to passion or expediency they will come up again for solution—how or in what terrible shape, none can tell!

The Administration and South Carolina.

It is contended by the Administration and those who coincide with them, that no State has the right to secede; and the same party contend that force should be used against a State which should attempt an act of secession, or at any rate, against the individual members of the State.

There is a marked inconsistency in these two positions.

If a State has no right to secede, there is but one manner of treating those members of the State who attempt it; and that is to indict them as traitors, and have them tried by a jury for treason against the Government. For instance, if a number of men meet together as conventioners, legislators, or in any other assumed State capacity, and pass laws to secede, and seize upon the property of the General Government, what right has HOLT, SCOTT, BUCHANAN & CO. to wage war upon the State, or batter down its cities or towns, unless they treat the entire State as an independent sovereignty?

When any individual member of a foreign State commits an act of hostility towards another Government, and war is waged, every member of that State is responsible for the acts of the State. Not so in a confederation of States, where it is assumed that none can dissolve the connection without the consent of all. HOLT and his friends assume that a State, as such, cannot go out of the Union: how can she then, as a State, wage war upon the General Government? and how can the General Government wage war upon her as a State, or upon her citizens, destroying the lives and property of many who may be as much opposed to the action of the delegated authorities as the Administration itself? Yet the latter-day saints of the Union applaud the threat of Major Anderson to batter down the city of Charleston, which act itself would have been recognition of sovereignty, and would have treated her as an independent nation, and thereby been a virtual recognition of her right to secede!

Suppose that Maj. ANDERSON had opened his battery upon Charleston, how could he have been justified upon the constitutional idea of the Administration? South Carolina is either in or out of the Union. If in the Union, has the Government the constitutional right, because the male actors have been guilty of treason, lu the opinion of the Administration, to wage war upon the innocent citizens of the State, and destroy their property for the acts of the supposed traitors? Suppose that the City Council of Louisville should pass an ordinance directing the city authorities to seize the Custom House and Postoffice, which should be done in accordance with the ordinance, would any property holder in Louisville say that HOLT and his bloodthirsty followers would be justified in planting a battery at Jeffersonville and battering down the city? Would he not say, punish the men who committed and authorized the act, and let my life and property alone?

[For the Louisville Courier.]

Rev. Dr. Parsons and the Union.

LEXINGTON, KY., Jan. 14, 1860.

Editors Louisville Courier: The Rev. Chas. B. Parsons, of Louisville, has just concluded an address to the citizens of this place, on the state of the Union. The large Hall in which he spoke was crowded; and hundreds went away unable to get seats. The speech of the Rev. gentleman was not up to the usual mark of his excellence as an orator. It was an intensely Union address. Like the Hon. J. F. Bell and the Hon. J. L. Helm, at the Eighth of January Convention, there was no contingency within the range of human calculation, in which he would be for dissolution. South Carolina came in for a full share of the orator's denunciation, sarcasm, and ridicule.—Among the strongest reasons why Kentucky should not follow the lead of that State, the fact that beef is thirty-five cents per pound and corn one dollar and fifty cents per bushel in that section of country, occupied a prominent place in the discourse. The people of South Carolina were denounced as traitors to themselves, their sister States, and their God. The reflection forced itself on one's mind, as the reverend gentleman proceeded to show the treason against God by proving that He had established the Union for His own great and good purposes, and that he who destroyed it, would thwart the interests of Jehovah; that He must be a serious kind of *Omnipotent Being*, who would permit a poor little despised community such as the speaker seemed to regard the South Carolinians, to thwart His purposes and defeat His institutions. Then, again, the secessionists, according to the distinguished gentleman, are all *cowards*. He painted in all the strong colors of his powerful eloquence the horrors of civil war and servile insurrection on the one hand, and on the other his fancy and his brilliant imagination were taxed to the utmost to present to his auditors the blessings of peace and continued Union. Those who were willing to face the unnumbered horrors of disunion, of civil and servile war in defense of their rights, were *cowards*; whilst those who were eager to avoid anything of the kind, and anxious to enjoy the countless blessings of continued peace and quiet, even at the expense of their liberties, were the *brave* men. May the Lord preserve us from such heroes, and fill the country with that kind of cowards. The usual advice of ultra Unionists was given to the State of Kentucky, *i. e.* to stand where she is; not be *dragged* by South Carolina; maintain her dignity (and let her *rights* and *interests* go to the devil); and if the whole country is to be entirely ruined and totally destroyed, she was advised to wrap the flag of our gel-lorious Union around her, say pretty things about the Genius of Liberty, mount the funeral pile erected out of the scattered fragments of freedom, apply a torch thereunto, and burn up.

The inevitable Combs arrived on the evening train from Frankfort, and succeeded in procuring a specimen of the aforesaid flag of our Union, in time to exhibit it and *himself* on the conclusion of the address. (I propose instructing our Senators and Representatives in Congress to oppose the formation of any new Union, unless upon the adoption of a clause in the Constitution making it a felony, punishable with death, for that clever gentleman—but insufferable bore—ever to make a speech on *any* occasion.)

There was very little enthusiasm, and the little there was seemed to reside in the heels of the juvenile portion of the crowd.

SMITH.

Figures and Facts.

PAYING THE PIPER.—The four States of South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, and Florida propose to raise at least ten thousand troops to keep secession working smoothly. Now, an army is not a fancy ball, but a stern and hungry reality, whose daily bread is not got by praying for it.—Every soldier in the United States service costs the Government $900 a year. The chivalry will not volunteer for less pay and fewer rations. For 10,000 men the annual cost will thus be $6,000,000. Then the States will probably need mails. As the country they are to traverse is very extensive, they cannot be carried for less than another $1,000,000, unless the general cessation of business consequent on secession should result in empty mail bags, and so induce a curtailment of the service. In addition to the army, there will be crowds of patriots, ennlous, and even ramipant, to serve their country, at large salaries, as Presidents, Judges, Legislators, Foreign Ministers, &c. These, without the steal-ings, would quickly swallow up $1,000,000 more. With them, conjecture is at fault. But the taxation in these States already amounts to $2,000,000, making a grand total of $10,000,000 annually. Now, let us see who is to pay this.—[N. Y. Tribune.

The Tribune goes on to state that the number of white males in these four States is 400,000; that a tax of $10,000,000 per annum will prove greater than they can bear, *ergo* that they will begin to move away or starve, and that the negroes will rise in insurrection, *ergo*, that the people of Alabama, Florida, Georgia, and South Carolina are mad, blinded by passion, actuated by no consideration by common sense, &c., *ad libitum et nauseam*.

It is only fair that if we consider the extra cost of maintaining the new Government, we should also allow what that community will gain by the change. We might object to the basis of the Tribune's calculations. We might suggest that the militia of the Southern States are sufficient to protect their firesides; that they can afford, from motives of patriotism, to maintain themselves, or at most, live on a pittance for the Government; that the public officials will serve without pecuniary reward, if necessary, and that Black Republicans, having no control in the disposition of the finances, they will be administered, as they always have been in the Southern States, with the strictest economy and *honesty*. We might object to the estimated $10,000,000 with propriety, but no matter.

The four States of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Alabama, raised the following crops of cottou during the year ending August 31st, 1860:

States.	Bales.
South Caroliua	556,091
Georgia	540,040
Florida	185,720
Alabama	843,012
Total bales, four States	2,124,856

This is nearly one-half of the entire cotton crop of the South. The amount of cotton *consumed* in the United States for the year was 978,043 bales. If one-half of this or in round nnmbers 450,000 bales came from the States of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, and Alabama, it would leave their exports to foreign ports 1,674,866 bales. The value of these exports, calculating 450 pounds to the bale, and the cost 11 cents per pound, would be $88,000,102 26.

The four States, therefore, send forth annually in round nnmbers, $83,000,000 worth of products. This large amount must come back to them in some shape. It does not come in gold and silver, for, as is apparent, the people cannot eat or wear gold and silver. It does come back in silks, broadcloths, wines, and other products of foreign industry. But before it reaches the South, it is stopped by the General Government, and its owners are forced to pay a duty of twenty per cent. to Uncle Sam before they can get it. They, therefore, part with one-fifth of the returned value of their annual cotton crop. On $83,000,000 the amount they pay to the Government is $16,000,000 per annum. What becomes of it the politicians of the North well know. They get upall sorts of plundering schemes to squander it away on the Northern people. One thing is certain, not a thirtieth part is spent upon the four States which contribute it. It is evident, therefore, that if those States dissolve their alliance with the Government, open their ports to free trade, and receive back their $83,000,000 worth of valuables, free of the Government taxation, they save the $16,000,000 as aforesaid.

But this is not all. As the course of trade is now arranged, the Southern planter not only pays the General Government twenty per cent. to get the value of his money back, but he pays the Northern factor, shipper, importer and merchant who do his business, at the lowest estimate, thirty per cent. more. If the four States break off from the North, they will not only have free trade, but will do their business hereafter in their own ports. Here then is a full saving in all of fifty per cent., or in round numbers $41,500,000 per annum.

The philosophers and political economists of the Black Republican party will be able to deduce from these figures, that though the enormous burden of sustaining a Government to the tuno of $10,000,000 per annum may devolve upon the four States of South Carolina, Georgia, Florida and Alabama, yet by the act which creates this expenditure, they save at least $30,000,000 per annum. The surplus would prove very welcome to the people of those States. They would be enabled to spend more in beautifying their homes, more in improving their public buildings, more in stocking their cellars, more in buying new supplies of "niggers," and have something left over to appropriate towards the education of the anti-"slavery" politicians and editors in the simple elements of political economy.

Views of a Kentuckian.

The following communication, which emanates from a Kentuckian who has had great business interests with the Southern people, has been handed us for publication. It is addressed to the editors of the Journal, and falliug to occupy a place in its columns, has been sent to us. It will be followed by others:

To the Editors of the Louisville Journal:

You think anti-slavery fanaticism should be abated, and I agree with you. The speediest and most thorough cure to be by the call of a National Convention. Would it not be better for the Southern States to agree among themselves to a system of non-intercourse until all our disputes are settled? If the Minute Men adopt their motto, coupled with a pledge to this non-intercourse system, it would make a beginning. If the mechanics of Louisville and all other Southern cities prepare to furnish all the articles the South has been purchasing at the North—if the merchants in our seaport cities import from Europe such foreign articles as the South requires, and build the necessary ships to transport our products to market, let the States refuse to the "Border States" prepare to furnish cattle, hogs, mules, horses, sheep, hay, ice, breadstuffs, coal, iron, salt, &c., &c. If this compact was formed, what effect would it have on the mechanical, mercantile, and agricultural interest of the South? and what affect would it have on Northern anti-slavery fanaticism?

Q. E. D.

☞ The Journal has information that the State of Mississippi has imposed a tax of $12 per head upon all negroes in the State. How does it happen that such an important item should have been omitted by the telegraphic reports of the proceedings of the Legislature? We have it from gentlemen owning property there, who are constantly receiving letters from the State, that *they* have not paid any tax upon *their* negroes, and have not yet heard of the tax being levied. Will the Journal give us the name of the planter who has paid his $1,500?

The True Position.

We have, heretofore, briefly stated our position in relation to absorbing political issues of the present time, and said very little this way recently for the simple reason that we did not conceive that we could elect any good, one way or another, in continually paiading before the people our thoughts on the subject, or what could and what ought to be done in the present crisis. But as some persons appear to misconstrue our comparative silence, we will again distinctly but briefly state our position:

1. Whilst we love our whole country, our birth, education, interests, principles, feelings, and sympathies, peculiarly attach us to the South, under any and all circumstances. Her interests are our interests, and we will maintain them to the bitter end, if need be.

2. We love the Union and the Constitution, as handed down to us by our fathers; and we are ardently in favor of their maintenance, *but not by force of arms*.

3. We are in favor of Kentucky at present standing where she is, and of defending her constitutional rights to *the Union, so long* as there is the least hope of success. To negotiate, if need be, till negotiation is hopelessly exhausted; so that, if in the end, we shall be compelled to sever the bonds that bind us to the Union, we can be justified in history by the fact *that we struck reluctantly, and then* ONLY IN SELF-DEFENSE.

4. We are in favor of a State Convention, the delegates to the same to be elected by the people themselves. We are also in favor of a Convention or General Conference of the Southern States, to determine upon what additional constitutional guarantees the interests of the South demand; and if they are denied as by the North, to determine what then shall be done. The delegates to this Convention, from Kentucky, to be also elected directly by the people.

5. We are willing to make the Crittenden Compromise an *ultimatum*, and would not be satisfied with anything else.

6. We deprecate the hasty action of South Carolina, Florida, Mississippi and Alabama, in rushing into secession and revolution. They should in justice and honor have consulted with the other Southern States before taking such action, whose interests are identified with theirs. But, *we are emphatically opposed to coercion*, under any circumstances; believing, that if the Union of these States cannot be maintained *except by force of arms, it cannot be maintained at all*, and ought not to be. The time has gone by, if ever it existed, for resort to force. Such a course would be unwise and reprehensible in the extreme. Even if successful in the case of South Carolina, fourteen other States might also have to be coerced. But South Carolina cannot be coerced by Federal arms; and the attempt to do so, would but result in general disunion, anarchy, and an almost interminable civil war. We think President Buchanan will not discharge his duty, if he does not withdraw the Federal troops from Fort Sumter, and all other Southern forts.

7. When the time shall come, if come it must, that Kentucky finds she cannot maintain her *rights* in the Union and under the Constitution, and our only safety is in revolution or disunion, then our destiny is with that of the South, and in a Southern Confederacy.—[Russellville (Ky.) Herald.

Miscellaneous.

WE ARE MANUFACTURING, and offer to the trade and large consumers, at our factory on Main street, between Ninth and Tenth, WHITE LEAD and LINSEED OIL, both warranted strictly pure and of superior quality. We are also manufacturing the different grades of cheap White Lead and Zinc Paints. We keep on hand at all times, Putty and Boiled Linseed Oil of our own manufacture; also Bar Lead, Whiting, Yellow Ochre, Red Lead, Colors in Oil, &c., all of which we offer low and on accommodating terms. dlsdawlm

FOR MAJOR OF THIRD BATTALION.
To Merchants and Mechanics
of the Fifth and Sixth Wards:

WE are requested to announce T. E. DENNIS as a candidate for Major of the Third Battalion, composed of the Fifth and Sixth Wards: the election to be held on Saturday next, January 19, 1861. jan18 d2*

CUPPING AND LEECHING.

MRS. S. YOUNG has removed to Green street, between Third and Fourth, opposite the Courier office, where she is prepared to give prompt attention to all orders for CUPPING and LEECHING. She will be thankful for orders from physicians and the public. jan18 dim

FLOUR—
100 bbls prime Boone Mill Family Flour;
100 do Crane's XX St. Louis Mills do;
50 do Double Extra Iowa do do;
100 do do do Edinburgh do;
200 do Extra W. W. do do;
In store and for sale by
T. L. JEFFERSON,
jan18 southeast corner Market and First sts.

SACK FLOUR—300 ½ bbls bags Extra White Wheat Edinburgh Flour just received per railroad and for sale by
T. L. JEFFERSON,
jan18 corner First and Market sts.

BRAN AND SHORTS—3 car loads to arrive and for sale by
T. L. JEFFERSON,
jan18 corner First and Market streets.

FRESH BUTTER—
10 firkins fresh Butter;
10 bbls roll do;
Received per express and for sale by
T. L. JEFFERSON,
Jan18 corner First and Market sts.

S. C. HAMS—4 casks and 10 tierces A. W. Macklin & Son's very superior Sugar-cured Hams received per railroad and for sale by
T. L. JEFFERSON,
Jan18 corner First and Market sts.

PRIVATE BOARDING.

A GENTLEMAN AND HIS WIFE, or a small family, can hear of good boarding in a private family, where there will be no other boarders, by applying at No. 754 Center street, first door north of Broadway. jan17 d3

Last Call for Railroad Tax.

CALL up and pay your Railroad Taxes, those who have not paid, or I will call.
G. T. MAY, R. R. Tax Collector.
jan17 d2 Eastern District.

REMOVAL & COPARTNERSHIP.

JOHN ENGELN, Commission Merchant, has removed his business to his store on Main street, into the buildings of the late well-known "Mitcalfe Brewery," on south side of Market street, between Sixth and Seventh, for the purpose of manufacturing BARLEY and RYE MALT, in addition to his other business, and has associated his son, and has admitted Carl Butchenbach as partner, changing the style and firm to JOHN ENGELN & CO.

We shall have continually on hand ample stocks of Malt, Hops, and all articles generally sold to Brewers and Distillers, which we shall sell at Cincinnati market prices, thus offering great advantage to our customers in Kentucky and neighboring States, whose general patronage we shall endeavor to meet by strict and prompt attention to their orders.
JOHN ENGELN.
jan17 d3 CARL BUTCHENBACH.
No journal copy 2 times and charge C. O. D.

SUGAR—40 hhds choice Sugar just received per steamer E. H. Fairchild and for sale by
jan17 H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.

MOLASSES—100 bbls prime Plantation Molasses just received per steamer E. H. Fairchild and for sale by
jan17 H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.

NEW BOOKS—Parton's Life of Jackson; 3 volumes, $5.
Emerson's Conduct of Life. $1.
Henry on Social Welfare and Human Progress. $1.
Guggenbuhl's Facts and Poetry of the West. $1 50.
Faithful For Ever, by Coventry Patmore. $1.
Lake House, by Fanny Lewald. 75c.
Tales from the Bible for the Young, by Thayer. 75 cents
King's Highway, by Rev. H. Newton, DD. 75c.
Tales from Intellectual, Moral and Physical—by Spencer. $1.
Heroes of Europe, by Newell. $1.
Tom Brown on Oxford, Second to School Days. $1.
Just received at 84 Fourth street.
jan17 F. A. CHEMP.

Methodist Book Rooms
NO. 223 THIRD STREET.

Law and Musical Books at Cost!

STORY ON BAILMENTS;
Revised Statutes of Kentucky;
Gray's Anatomy;
Dalton's Physiology;
Gross's System of Surgery;
Pereira's Materia Medica;
Wood's Practice in Medicine;
Wood's Therapeutics and Pharmacopia;
Which I will sell at cost for cash.
jan17 A. H. REDFORD.

1861.

15 CASES UNION PRINTS;
10 CASES ASSORTED PRINTS;
6 do SPRAGUE'S PRINTS;
2 do ENGLISH BLACK PRINTS;
1 do CANTON FLANNEL.
Just received and for sale cheap.

We respectfully invite the attention of the trade to our Stock, which will be kept full and well assorted, and will be sold at great bargains for cash or to prompt buyers on short time.
jan17 T. & R. SLEVIN & CAIN.

VELVET CARPETS!

ENGLISH BRUSSELS!
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS!
TAPESTRY INGRAINS!
THREE-PLY INGRAINS!
TWO-PLY INGRAINS!
COCO MATTING, RUGS, MATS, &C.;
At prices lower than ever before offered in this market.

CURTAIN GOODS!

CORNICES AND BANDS!
WINDOW SHADES!
LINEN GOODS!
BLANKETS!

And every description of a choice and elegant stock of HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS, which we are now offering at unusually low prices, in order to make room for our early Spring Importations.

OLD ESTABLISHED CARPET AND FURNISHING WAREHOUSE.

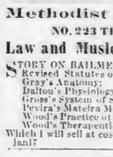
HITE & SMALL,
Main street, between Third and Fourth,
jan17 three doors west Bank of Louisville.

RICE—10 tierces prime Rice received by mail-boat and for sale by
jan16 CODD & MOODY

DOG LOST.

Lost, on Saturday last, 5th inst., a white BULL PUP, about 4 months old; is pretty large and has three black spots on him. Any one returning him to ADAM SEVENS' Grocery, corner of Third and Breckenridge streets, will be liberally rewarded.
jan16 d3*

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE.



The Institute is directed by a Board of Visitor-appointed by the State, and is under the superintendence of
Col. E. W. MORGAN,
A distinguished graduate of West Point and a practical engineer, aided by an able Faculty.

The course has all that is taught in Colleges and more in mathematics, mechanics, machine, construction, agriculture, and mining; also in English literature, historical readings, and modern languages; with daily, regulated exercise.

School of architecture, engineering, commerce, medicine, and law, admit or reflect no studies to add time, means, and object of professional preparation.

The Twenty-eighth Session will open January 28, 1861.

Charges—$105 per half year, payable in advance. Address the superintendent, at Military Institute, Franklin Springs, Ky., or the Institute.
P. LUDLY,
jan16 d12 President of the Board.

SUGAR—45 hhds prime Sugar just received per steamer Capitola and for sale by
jan15 H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.

MOLASSES—200 hhls choice Molasses just received per steamer Woodford and for sale by
jan16 H. D. NEWCOMB & BRO.

CUTTON TWINE AND WICKING—
2,300 lbs Cotton Twine;
750 lbs do Wicking;
Just received and for sale by
ORRIN RAWSON,
Woodenware and Broom store.
jan15 338 Main st., between Third and Fourth.

TEXAS—TEXAS—I have just received a large supply of fresh Green and Black Teas, surpassing in quality and price anything of the kind ever offered in this market; also Coffee and Sugars of best quality. St. Louis Flour, new Country Hams, Buckwheat Flour, New York Cream Cheese, Cranberries, Minced Meat, and fresh Oysters, at
A. PINDAR'S Wholesale and Retail store,
jan14 295 Fourth st., bet. Market and Jefferson.

NOTICE.

AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY OFFICE,
LOUISVILLE, January 8th, 1861.

THE annual meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at this office on TUESDAY, 21st inst., at 11 o'clock to elect nine Directors to serve during the ensuing year.
jan10 dtd HENRY DENT, Secretary.

J. G. MATHERS,

IN HIS NEW STORE
Adjoining Bank of Louisville,
MAIN STREET,
South side, between Third and Fourth,
DEALER and IMPORTER
IN
CARPETING, OIL CLOTHS
CURTAIN MATERIALS,
TRIMMING GOODS,
AND GENERAL
HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

A FOR QUANTITY, QUALITY, BEAUTY, AND CHEAPNESS, THIS HOUSE HAS NO EQUAL. I will be pleased to see all of my old customers and as many new ones as possible.

I have procured the services of E. A. RANDALL, late of the New York Cash Store, as salesman.
myl dtf

IRISH WHISKY—DIRECT IMPORTATION from Cork, at Walker's Exchange.
jan11 JOHN CAWEIN & CO.

PURE PORT WINE—Direct importation from the London Wine Dock, at Walker's Exchange.
jan11 JOHN CAWEIN & CO.

Miscellaneous.

CLOTHING!

Cheap for Cash.

J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.,
NO. 227 MAIN STREET,
Between Second and Third,
OFFER THEIR FINE STOCK OF
GENTLEMEN'S
CLOTHING
AND
FURNISHING GOODS
AS LOW
AS ANY OTHER HOUSE IN THE CITY!

Fine Overcoats
Very Low.

FINE BUSINESS COATS
Very Low.

SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR,
HALF HOSE,
TIES, GLOVES, CRAVATS,
For Sale Low at
J. C. MANDEVILLE & CO.'S.
dc dtf

NOTICE.

THE MISSES LINE SISTERS, on Chestnut, near School, a Day School, where polite literature and the Classics are received.

Terms for Tuition in all the lower and higher branches of the English and German languages, and Needle Work, are $2 per month, payed in advance.

Music, French, Drawing and Painting, are extra charges. jan15 d1m*

STATEMENT

Of the Condition of the MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, on the first day of July, 1860, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d March, 1856.

FIRST. NAME AND LOCATION.
The name of the Company is MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, and is located in New York City.

SECOND. CAPITAL.
The amount of its Capital Stock, is Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars.
The amount of the Capital Stock paid up, is Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars.

THIRD. ASSETS.

1. Cash on hand	$ 10,341 65
2. Real Estate unincumbered	000 00
3. Debts due the Company, secured by mortgage on unincumbered Real Estate worth 100 per cent. more than the same is mortgaged for, as per vouchers and schedule accompanying	206,150 00
4. Debts due the Company, otherwise secured, per vouchers accompanying	000 00
5. Debts due the Company for Premiums	5,350 25
6. Loans with Collateral	28,400 00
7. Interest money	2,960 16
Total Assets of the Company	$442,382 01

FOURTH. LIABILITIES.

1. The amount of Liabilities, due and not due, to Banks and other Creditors	000 00
2. Losses adjusted and not due	000 00
3. Losses adjusted and not due	11,384 61
4. Losses in suspense, waiting for further proof	000 00
5. All other claims against the Company, unclaimed Dividends	1,425 00
Total Liabilities	$12,809 61

STATE OF NEW YORK, } ss.
County of New York, }

W. P. PALMER, President, and ANDREW J. SMITH, secretary, of the MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, being severally sworn, depose and say, and each for himself says that the foregoing is a full, true, and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company—that the said Insurance Company has the *full* amount of at least One Hundred and Fifty Thousand Dollars of actual cash capital invested in Stocks, and Bonds, and Mortgages, on unincumbered Real Estate, worth 100 per cent more than the same is mortgaged, for that the above described investments, or a large part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority in the management of said Company, nor any other person or persons whatever; that the mortgages above described have not been assigned, nor in any manner transferred to the said Company, and that they are the above described officers of the said Manhattan Fire Insurance Company.
N. P. PALMER, President.
ANDREW J. SMITH, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Public Notary in and for said State of New York, this 21st day of September, 1860. JAS. W. HALE.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
FRANKFORT, KY., Jan. 15th, 1861.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this office.

In witness whereof, I have set my hand, L.S. the day and year above written.
GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE,
No. 225. FRANKFORT, KY., Jan. 16th, 1861.
Reissued.

This is to certify that JAMES E. TYLER & CO., as agents of the MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, of New York, at Louisville, Kentucky, has filed in this office the statements and exhibits required by the provisions of an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 3, 1856; and it having been shown to the satisfaction of the undersigned that said Company is possessed of an actual capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as required by said act, JAS. E. TYLER & CO., as agents as aforesaid, are hereby licensed and permitted to take risks and transact business of insurance at his office in Louisville for the term of one year from the date hereof, but this license may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the undersigned that the false of the statements above referred to, the available capital of said Company has been reduced below one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

In testimony whereof, I have set my L.S. hand, the day and year above written.
jan16 d3 GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

IN

Boots and Shoes.

HAVING A VERY LARGE STOCK WHICH THEY WISH TO REDUCE,

OWEN & WOOD

Have determined to offer their assortment of BOOTS and SHOES

Regardless of Cost!

AND MANY ARTICLES THEY WILL SELL AT

LESS THAN COST!

Our stock is very large and well selected, which we are determined to close out by offering our article in the Shoe and Boot line for Ladies', Misses' and Children's, Men's, Boys' and Youths' wear. Now is the time to supply yourselves at

YOUR OWN PRICE,

FOR CASH ONLY!

As it will be for a short time only, it will be to your interest to

CALL SOON.

☞ REMEMBER THE PLACE—

OWEN & WOOD,
jan14 dtf Market street, one door above Third.

SUGAR—27 hhds Sugar landing from steamer Fanny Bullitt and for sale by
jan14 TYLER & MARTIN

RIO COFFEE—10 bags prime Rio Coffee landing from steamer Fanny Bullitt and for sale by
jan14 TYLER & MARTIN.

TURPENTINE—10 bbls Spirits Turpentine received per steamer Woodford and for sale by
jan14 TYLER & MARTIN.

RICE—10 tierces Rice received per mailboat and for sale by [jan14] TYLER & MARTIN

SUGAR AND MOLASSES—
44 hhds prime to choice Sugar;
100 bbls prime Molasses—
Landing from steamer Fanny Bullitt and for sale by
jan14 CODD & MOODY.

COFFEE—100 bags prime Rio Coffee landing from steamers Fanny Bullitt and E. H. Fairchild and for sale by [jan14] CODD & MOODY.

EMPLOYMENT!

$850 A MONTH AND ALL EXPENSES PAID.—An Agent is wanted in every town and county in the United States, to engage in a respectable and easy business, by which the above profits may certainly be realized. For full particulars, address Dr. HENRY WARNER, 54 East One-hundred-and-fifth street, corner of Broadway, New York City, inclosing one postage stamp.
d20 dlmawkwly

NEW FIGS—3 casks new Figs in store and for sale by
jan14 Y. D. GAETANO & CO., Main street, between Seventh and Eighth.

WIRE CRACKERS—100 boxes Gold Chop for sale low to close out by
jan14 V. D. GAETANO & CO., Main street, between Seventh and Eighth.

FINE CARRIAGES.—Just received, direct from the manufactory, a handsome Coach, trimmed with crimson coteclaine, of which special attention is directed at
jan6 T. F. STONE & CO.'S, Main street, One square above the Galt House.

BUGGIES.—The largest assortment of Buggies in the city, both Top and no Top, selling very low at
jan6 T. F. STONE & CO.'S, Main street, One door above First.

CHEAP BOOTS AND SHOES.

We don't profess to sell goods regardless of cost, as some advertise, but we promise to sell BOOTS AND SHOES as cheap as can be bought elsewhere, including those that profess to sell regardless of cost. No one man will sell goods less than they cost him, if his pocket are worth anything; therefore, if you wish good Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, go where you can get your money's worth, at LEE & FLETCHER'S,
d13 South side Market street, second door above Four

STANLEY CARTER, ... JAMES BUCHANAN.

CARTER & BUCHANAN,

DEALERS IN

GARDEN AND GRASS SEEDS,

And Manufacturers of

Agricultural Implements

LOUISVILLE, KY.

ap15dawtf.

Medicinal.

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA,

A COMPOUND REMEDY, DESIGNED to be the most effectual ALTERATIVE that can be made, it is a concentrated extract of Para Sarsaparilla, so combined with other substances of still greater alterative power as to afford an effective antidote for the diseases Sarsaparilla is reputed to cure. It is believed that such a remedy is wanted by those who suffer from Strumous complaints, and that one which will accomplish their cure must prove of immense service to this large class of our afflicted fellow-citizens. How completely this compound will do it has been proven by experiment on many of the worst cases to be found in the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Complaints, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases, Ulcers, Pimples, Blotches, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Syphilis and Syphilitic Affections, Mercurial Diseases, Dropsy, Neuralgia or Tic Douloureux, Debility, Dyspepsia and Indigestion, Erysipelas, Rose or St. Anthony's Fire, and indeed the whole class of complaints arising from impurity of the Blood.

To those who need it we have found a most powerful health- when taken in the spring, to expel the foul humors which fester in the blood at that season of the year. By the timely expulsion of them many rankle disorders are nipped in the bud. Multitudes can, by the aid of this remedy, spare themselves from the endurance of foul eruptions and ulcerous sores, through which the system will strive to relieve itself of corruptions, if not assisted to do this through the natural channels of the body by an alterative medicine. Cleanse out the vitiated blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in pimples, eruptions, or sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it whenever it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Even where no particular disorder is felt, people enjoy better health, and live longer, for cleansing the blood. Keep the blood pure, and all is well; but with this poison in it, disorders threaten, and there can be no lasting health, sooner or later something must go wrong, and the great machinery of life is disordered or overthrown.

Sarsaparilla has, and deserves much, the reputation of accomplishing these ends. But the world has been egregiously deceived by preparations of it, partly because the drug alone has not all the virtue that is claimed for it, but more because many preparations, pretending to be concentrates extract of Sarsaparilla, have been destitute of the virtue of Sarsaparilla, or any thing else.

During late years the public have been misled by large bottles, purporting to give a quart of Extract of Sarsaparilla for one dollar. Most of these have been frauds upon the sick, for they did not contain a particle of it. If any Sarsaparilla, but often no curative properties whatever. Hence, bitter and painful disappointment has followed the use of the various extracts of Sarsaparilla which flood the market, until the name itself is justly accused, and has become synonymous with worthless and cheap. Still we call this compound Sarsaparilla, and intend to supply such a remedy as shall entitle the name from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has the virtues claimed for it, and will be found, in the future, as in the past, to be reliable for the cure of many forms of the disease it is intended to cure. In order to secure the complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.,

LOWELL, MASS.

Price, $1 per Bottle; Six Bottles for $5.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Has won for itself such a renown for the cure of every variety of Throat and Lung Complaint, that it is entirely unnecessary for us to recount the evidence of its virtues, wherever it has been employed. As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality is kept up to the best it ever has been, and that it may be relied on to do for their relief all it has ever been found to do.

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

FOR THE CURE OF

Costiveness, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Dysentery, Flatulency, Stomach, Liver and Bowel complaints, Piles, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Pain in the Side, Liver Complaint, Dropsy, Tetter, Tumors, Female Complaints, Worms, Gout, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, and for Family use.

They are sugar-coated, so that the most sensitive may take them pleasantly, and are the best aperient in the world for all the purposes of a family physic.

Price 25 cents per Box: Five Boxes for $1 00.

Great numbers of Clergymen, Physicians, Statesmen, and eminent personages, have lent their names to certify the unparalleled usefulness of these pills, but our space will not permit the insertion of them. The Agents below named furnish gratis our AYER'S ALMANAC, in which they may be had, who also full descriptions of the above complaints, and the treatment that should be followed for their cure.

Do not be put off by unprincipled dealers with other preparations they make more profit on. Be sure to get Ayer's, and you will have the sick want the best, and there for them, and they should have it.

All our remedies are for sale by

J. A. ROBINSON & CO.,

Wholesale Agents, Malta street.

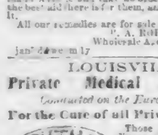
jan7 &wem1y

LOUISVILLE

Private Medical Dispensary,

Connected on the European Plan,

For the Cure of all Private Diseases.



Those afflicted with any disease of a PRIVATE NATURE, who would escape the impositions of ignorant 'quacks,' should put full to send for "DR. GAYES' PRIVATE MEDICAL TREATISE OR SANITARY INSTRUCTOR." A new and revised edition of over one hundred pages, handsomely illustrated with plates and engravings representing the

guilty consequences of both sexes in a state of health and disease. Sending on application, inclosing two stamps. Also, an essay on nervousness and sexual debility, as Many think, a special weakness, impotence, &c. Price by mail TEN CENTS.

YOUNG, MIDDLE-AGED, and OLD MEN, who, by indulging in solitary habits or excessive indulgence of their passions, have produced seminal weakness or a debility in advance of their years may be restored to their former health and vigor by making immediate application

TO THE LADIES.—DR. GALE, Agent for M. LA CRAUX'S FEMALE PREVENTIVE POWDERS (by their use, those ruinous consequences, so often the number of their offspring, can be so effectually guarded against), and intends to supply such a remedy as shall secure the same from the load of obloquy which rests upon it. And we think we have ground for believing it has the virtues claimed for it, and will be found, in the future, as in the past, to be reliable for the cure of many forms of the disease it is intended to cure. In order to secure the complete eradication from the system, the remedy should be judiciously taken according to directions on the bottle.

Secrecy in all cases. Price by mail, $1 and one postage stamp.

CAUTION.—These Pills should not be taken during PREGNANCY, as they are sure to produce MISCARRIAGE.

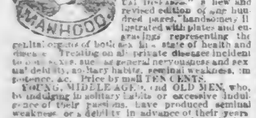
To persons at a distance, who wish to be cured at home, we will, on the receipt of a brief statement of their case, send a list of such questions as we would ask on a personal interview, and on receipt of the list filled out, we will forward medicines particularly adapted to the case, free from damage or observation, to any part of the country, with full directions for use.

Consultation may be held from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M., (Sunday from 8 to 11 A. M.) at his office, North-east corner of Third and Market streets, Private entrance on Third street, Louisville, Ky.

☞ The above business will hereafter be conducted under the name and style of DR. H. G. MILLER & Co., to whom all orders and letters should be addressed. Dr. H. G. MILLER can be consulted, as before, confidentially, during business hours, on all diseases on which his book treats.

Remember! Invariable! Don't forget the name and place Address DR. H. G. MILLER & CO.,

aug5dfaw Louisville Ky.



DR. WRIGHT'S

CELEBRATED

REJUVENATING ELIXIR!

Prepared on the strictest Pharmaceutical principles by one of the ablest Chemists of the age,

THIS is altogether a new medicine, the result of modern discoveries in the science of medicine, being an entirely new and abstract method of cure, irrespective of all the old and worn out systems published by accomplished quacks in the medicine. Dr Wright, well knowing the deception practiced upon the uninitiated, felt it his duty at once to have this Elixir tested by the whole Medical faculty, who, without even one dissenting voice, have given in their adherence to its perfect and unfailing control over the whole physical man when his frame has been reduced, and when all other medicines known to the Pharmacopoeia have been tried in vain. Long through years of patient investigation, and a settled determination, have crowned the Doctor's efforts, and he now offers the Elixir to suffering humanity as the only thing that can cure the following diseases—namely:

General Debility,
Mental and Physical Depression,
Loss of Memory,
Determination of Blood to the Head
Confused Ideas,
Dizziness,
Irritability,
General Irritability
Restlessness and Sleeplessness at Night,
Absence of Muscular Efficiency,
Loss of Appetite,
Dyspepsia,
Emaciation,
Low Spirits,
Disorganization of the
Palpitation of the Heart,

and, in fact, all the concomitants of a nervous and debilitated state of the system.

AS A STIMULANT

It is quite different from alcoholic preparations. It is not subject to reactions—in any shape. It continues to exert its influence gradually and effectively, as long as the least necessity exists for its presence.

AS A FEMALE MEDICINE,

It is equally powerful and effective, and restores the equilibrium sooner and safer than all the other nostrums which for years have flooded the market, and which are only ingenious in place of assisting or ameliorating the constitution, for a very good reason too, that they are only made from the dissolution of minds ignorant of the Medical profession altogether.

SO MINERALS:

Dr Wright thinks it well to make his professional character in the fact, that no minerals whatever contain any portion of the ingredients in the composition of his REJUVENATING ELIXIR—well knowing what ruin has been entailed on the community by opium and mercury.

Generally, to the debilitated, Dr. Wright would say, Never despair. No matter how worn down you may be—no matter how weak you are—no matter what the cause may have been—forsake at once the haunts of the deceptive quack doctors, and by timely use of the Rejuvenating Elixir

REJUVENATING ELIXIR.

And you will soon find yourself a new man—a pride instead of the reverse, to your friends, and a healthful, sound and worthy member of the human family.

Price $2 per bottle, or three bottles for $5, and forwarded by mail to all parts of the United States.

Sold by all respectable Druggists throughout the United States and Canadas. The trade supplied at a liberal discount. Depot for the proprietors.

J. WRIGHT & CO., 31 and 33 Chartres st.,

New Orleans, La.

Sold in Louisville by RAYMOND & TYLER, and all Druggists everywhere. ap20 d&wkwowly

UNION!
UNION!
UNION!

"IMMENSION OF THE STATES!" AND THE GREAT CLOTHING HOUSE of J. M. ARMSTRONG, on Main, opposite the National Hotel, is ready by all it can be surpassed. They are both essential to the welfare and happiness of the American people.

Union Suits for Men,
Union Suits for Boys,
Union Suits for Children,
Union Suits for the "Nigger,"

Can now be found in great variety and at reduced prices, at J. M. ARMSTRONG'S,

jan12 Main street, opposite the National

BUCKETS, TUBS, &c.—

250 dozen Painted Buckets, all colors;
25 do do Tubs, all sizes;
6 nests of 4 do do;
100 do 3 do do;
25 do 2 do do;
100 dozen Zinc Wash Boards;
36 do Wooden do;

Just received and for sale at *reduced prices* by

ORRIN RAWSON, 379 Main street,

jan12 between Third and Fourth.

SUGAR—42 hhds Sugar received per steamer E. H. Fairchild and for sale by

dll E. BUSTARD, No. 22 West Main st.

By Telegraph.

YESTERDAY NOON'S DISPATCHES.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Col. Hayne called on the President last evening and was positively received. He stated, verbally, that the purpose of his mission was to demand the unconditional withdrawal of the garrison at Fort Sumter. The President heard him through, and then requested him to submit it in writing, when he would consider it and communicate his reply. This was all that occurred, and Col. Hayne is perfectly in the dark as to what the reply will be. He has been busily engaged most of to-day preparing the document, and the urgent solicitations of a number of Southern Senators, it is understood, have induced Col. Hayne to modify his views, and he has telegraphed this fact to Governor Pickens, and asked for further instructions, the Southern Senators insist on South Carolina doing no act which will involve a collision with the Federal Government.

Senator Davis has dictated and forwarded a letter to Gov. Pickens, which was written by another Senator, in which he supplicates him to abandon any policy which would involve hostilities.

The Cabinet has determined against holding any intercourse with any South Carolinians as ambassadors.

It is rumored, and apparently upon good authority, that Mr. Buchanan has assured the South that, while he can never recognize the *de facto* of South Carolina or any other separate State seceding, it would not be inconsistent with his former position to recognize a government *de facto*, if embracing three or more States combined.

Although the Republican Senators yesterday voted against the Crittenden Compromise, their chief objection was to that part of it relating to a division of the Territories which may hereafter be acquired; but a measure of that character, confined to the present Territory, must meet with some degree of favor from the Republicans in both branches of Congress.

It is known, in the most reliable Republican circles, that, so far, Messrs. Seward and Hale are the only gentlemen selected for Mr. Lincoln's Cabinet, and probably Mr. Wells, of Connecticut. The others will not be absolutely determined upon till the arrival here of the President elect.

From St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 17.—Mr. Johnson, Chairman of the Committee on Federal Relations, introduced a bill into the Senate yesterday which provides that the Governor appoint one Commissioner for each Congressional District to consult on a Convention of the States, to be held in Nashville on the 4th of February, to agree upon common demands by way of amendments to the Constitution, to be made by the Slave States upon the Free States, and the results to be laid before the Convention called for in the third section. That section directs the Governor to appoint three Commissioners from this State to meet three Commissioners from each of the thirty-three States, in Convention, to be held in Wheeling on the 11th of February, to adjust the present difficulties, preserve the Union, and avert civil war. The Governor is required to appoint one Commissioner to proceed to Illinois to request the Legislature to second the movement, and use its influence with other Free States to have conservative men appointed to the Wheeling Convention.

The introduction of this bill gave general satisfaction. The House Convention bill was amended yesterday by adopting a provision similar to that contained in the Virginia bill, submitting the action of the Convention to the people; after which the whole subject was tabled, and a substitute, embracing entirely new propositions, asking Congress to call a Convention for a redress of grievances, as provided in the fifth article of the Constitution, was introduced by Mr. Stevenson.

A petition praying the adoption of Crittenden's propositions by Congress, bearing nearly six thousand names, was forwarded to our Representatives at Washington.

Arrival of the Teutonia.

CAPE RACE, Jan. 17.—The Teutonia arrived off this port to-day. She brings dates of the 7th.

The King of Prussia is dead.

A serious disturbance had occurred at Kermanji, Hungary. The soldiers were ordered out and fired on the mob, wounding five persons.

The bombardment of Gaeta was continued.

A Bourbon conspiracy had been discovered in Naples. Negotiations between France and Sardinia had been had concerning Gaeta.

Found Guilty.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Jan. 17.—The jury have rendered a verdict of guilty against Andrew Roberts, formerly of Springfield, a baggage man at the New York and New Haven Railroad, and Kellogg, of Amherst, the persons on trial for the Adams Express safe robbery, committed on the night of the 10th of April, 1860.

Non-Arrival.

PORTLAND, Jan. 17, 12 M.—There are as yet no signs of the Steamer Canadian.

River and Weather.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 17, M.—River 10 feet 6 inches by pier mark and rising. Weather cloudy and damp.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 17, M.—River risen twenty-nine inches; now 30 feet 4 inches in the channel. Weather cloudy. Thermometer 45.

☞ *For latest telegraphic news see fourth page.*

S. S. Mark.....G. F. Downs.

DRY GOODS!

WE HAVE IN STORE A VERY GENERAL and well assorted stock of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS!

MBRACING—

Fancy and Black Silks;
Printed and Plain Merinoes and DeLaines;
Shirting, Table and Bed Linens;
Embroideries, Laces and Hosiery;
Cloth and Velvet Wrappings;
Velours and Irish Poplins.

These Goods will be sold at prices to suit the state of the market.

MARK & DOWNS,

Jan7 413 MAIN STREET.

LOUISVILLE

EYE and EAR INSTITUTE.

DR. B. RALIS SMITH has permanently located in Louisville, He devotes himself exclusively to the treatment of Diseases of the

EYE AND EAR,

☞ Office on fifth street, near Market.

ap16 dtf

SOUTHERN BANK NOTES, viz:

SOUTH CAROLINA,
NORTH CAROLINA,
GEORGIA
ALABAMA,
LOUISIANA,
MISSOURI,
TENNESSEE,

WANTED IN EXCHANGE FOR DRY GOODS AND CLOTHING. GARVIN, BELL & CO.

n16d&wtf&

GRASS SEEDS.

3,000 BUSHELS BLUEGRASS SEED;
2,000 do Orchard Grass Seed;
1100 do Red Top do do;
500 do Timothy do do;
500 do Red Clover do do;

Warranted crop 1861. For sale by

PITKIN, WIARD & CO.,

jan8 51 Main street, Louisville, Ky.

COAL. COAL.

PITTSBURG.
PEACH ORCHARD.
HARTFORD CITY.

COAL. COAL.

Of the best quality and at the lowest prices. For sale by CRITTENDEN & GANTT,

west side Third street, bet. Main and Market.

my3 dtf

FRESH WINTER ALE—

50 barrels,
50 half barrels,
60 kegs,

Celebrated MADISON ALE, just received and for sale by J. H. SCHROEDER & SON,

dec1 Wall street.

CALOMEL—200 lbs American and English Calomel, for sale by

E. A. ROBINSON & CO.,

n6 d&w 515 Main street.

FRUIT JARS—50 gross quart and ½ gallon Fruit Jars, with Corks and Bottle wax for same, for sale by E. A. ROBINSON & CO.,

n6 515 Main street.

MOLASSES—Bubbles rebolled Molasses in store and for sale by [o15] TYLER & MARTIN

Special Notices.

WHAT SHALL I DO FOR MY HAIR?—

Use LYON'S KATHAIRON. It is, beyond question, the finest preparation ever made. Its immense sale proves its excellence. Nothing has ever given such universal satisfaction. It restores, preserves, and beautifies the Hair, and imparts a delightful odor. jan15d&wlm

CLARKE'S LIVER PILLS!

The best Liver Remedy before the people. For sale by all druggists.

N. U. WALKER Proprietor.

Pittsburg, Pa.

THE GREAT REMEDY,
GENESSEE LINIMENT!

Acknowledged the greatest Pain Destroyer KNOWN. For sale by all druggists.

N. U. WALKER, Proprietor.

apl5 dawtf Pittsburg, Pa.

NATURAL MAGIC!

Suppose a case. Suppose you have sandy, red, white, grizzly, or flaming yellow hair. Suppose you prefer a light brown, a rich dark brown, or a raven black. Well you apply (if you are wise)

Cristadoro's Excelsior Hair Dye,

And in ten minutes your mirror shows you a

Wonderful Transformation!

Every hair that at few moments before was an unsightly blemish, is now an element of beauty. "A magnificent head of hair" is the exclamation wherever you uncover. The difference between

BEAUTY AND THE BEAST

was not more striking than that between a gray or red head in a state of nature, and one to which this famous dye has been applied. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.

jan7 d&wlm

NOTICE TO PHYSICIANS AND THE PUBLIC.

ALLCOCK'S POROUS PLASTERS.—TESTIMONIAL.—"T. ALLCOCK & CO., No. 26 Canal st., New York, 20th Nov., 1859.—Gentlemen: I lately suffered severely from a weakness in my back, occasioned by suddenly over-exerting myself. Having heard your Plasters much recommended for cases of this kind, I procured one, and the result was all that I could desire. A single plaster cured me in a week.

Yours respectfully, J. G. BRIGGS.

Proprietor of the Brandreth House, New York.

There is nothing equal in the world to a Plaster, to the Porous Plaster of Mr. ALLCOCK. It is found to be pleasant and efficacious. They are the Plaster of the day, and a fit type of our present advancement in science and art. In Asthma, Cough, Kidney Affections, and local deep seated pains, they afford permanent relief; and for weak backs, pains in the side, stitches, and spasmodic pains generally, they are unsurpassed for the benefits they impart. Physicians should examine this article, which is universally approved where known. Principal Office 294 Canal street, New York.

Price 25 cents each. Sold by J. B. WILDER & CO., Main street, and RAYMOND & TYLER, Fourth street, Louisville, Ky., and by all respectable dealers in medicines. 42w dlmw4

GET
YOUR
PICTURES
AT THE
"BEE HIVE"
CHEAPEST AND
BEST IN THE CITY.

F. KLAUBER, Photographer and Proprietor. n25 dtf

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.
SIR JAMES CLARK'S
Celebrated Female Pills.

Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clark, M. D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess, and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES

It is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits

CAUTION.

These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysteries and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or any thing hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each pack. age, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole agent for the United States and Canada.

JOB MOSES, (late I. C. Baldwin & Co.,)

Rochester, N. Y.

N. B.—41 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle, containing 50 pills, by return mail.

Sold in Louisville by RAYMOND & TYLER, WILSON, PETER & CO., and by all respectable Druggists everywhere. old d&wkwow6m

PALMER'S VEGETABLE COSMETIC LOTION

Removes Pimples and all other blemishes from the face and other parts of the person.

It cures Chilblains by one thorough application.

It cures every variety of inflamed, itching or irritating Diseases of the Skin.

It cures Warts without fail. See directions.

It cures the most desperate cases of Tetter. Examine the large amount of evidence to substantiate these facts.

It has escaped to society thousands that have for years in seclusion on account of some unsightly eruption of the face.

It cures Sores about the nose and mouth by a few applications.

It cures the Barber's Itch without fail.

It cures Burns, Scalds, Frosted Ears, &c., in many cases operating like magic, one application often accomplishing more than has been effected by the application for years of the best known remedies.

It is the great Skin Purifier of the age. Then waste no more money on worthless articles, but procure at once one like of them all. Prepared only by SOLON PALMER.

No. 36 West Fourth street, Cincinnati, O.

For sale in Louisville by RAYMOND & TYLER, and by Druggists generally. dr dawtf

☞ Coughs and Colds are at this time prevailing to an alarming extent, and it should be borne in mind that most cases of Consumption originate in neglected colds, and therefore should be taken in time. At the store of RAYMOND & TYLER, No. 74 Fourth street, may be found AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL BULL'S PECTORAL, ROGERS' LIVERWORT and TAR, DR. ROSE'S EXPECTORANT, DR. HALL'S BALSAM, DR. WILLIAMS'S SHIP OF WILD CHERRY AND SARTHA, DR. FREMAN'S COUGH BALSAM, DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, DR. MCCANTOCK'S SIMPLE SYRUP, and COUGH AND CONSUMPTION MIXTURE FOR FRESH COLDS. All of which are popular and reliable medicines, and sold cheap.

N. B. Advice gratis. jan12 dcod&wcowtf

WEBSTER'S
GALLERY,
AMBROTYPES,
PHOTOGRAPHS,
IVORYTYPES,
LIFE-SIZE
PHOTO-
GRAPHS
Open from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M.
425 dtf

DUPONT'S AND HAZARD'S

GUNPOWDER.

WE have on hand a full stock of DUPONT'S and HAZARD'S Rifle and Blasting Powder, which we continue to sell at Dupont and Hazard Prices.

The reputation and well known superiority of our Powder prohibits the necessity of our alluding it to parties in this section of country.

We guarantee all the Powder we sell to be superior to any other brands manufactured in the United States.

OFFICE OF CITY POWDER MAGAZINE,

No. 427 Main street.

12dtf A. V. DUPONT & CO.

Kanawha Salt.

5,000 bbls No. 1 Kanawha Salt;
5,000 do Ex-ra do do;
1,000 do Dairy do do;

In store and arriving, for sale by

W. T. BROOKS, Agent,

ol3dtf Third st., between Main and the river.

CHOICE COAL!

WE have just received by our new-boat W. Fox, a heavy low of very superior PITTSBURGH COAL, which we offer at the very lowest market price. BOWSER & FULTS.

Coal Office, Market st., bet. Sixth and Seventh.

b13 dtf

REMOVAL.

W. J. NORMAN has removed to the house formerly occupied by Dr. M. Pyles, on Jefferson street, above Preston, and will still attend to the selling of Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c., either at auction or private sale. Negroes bought and sold on commission. And will also attend to the Real Estate Agency for the purpose of Selling and Renting Houses and making collections, Leases, Deeds, Mortgages, &c., on the shortest notice. All business entrusted me will receive strict attention.

W. J. NORMAN, General Agent,

north side Jefferson st., above Preston.

n27 dlm

NOTICE.

For fine Champagne Wines;

For fine Old Port, Madeira and Sherry Wines;

For fine old Cognac Brandies;

For fine Old Bourbon county Whisky;

For fine Old Peach and Apple Brandy;

Go to

HART & CLARK'S,

No. 219 Third street, between Main and Market.

d21

JOHN A. MILLER,

336 FOURTH STREET,

HAS NOW ON HAND A GOOD ASSORTMENT of

Peach Meamings;
Brandy;
Printed do;
Hosiery Gloves;
Boys' Wear;
Flannels (all grades);
Tweeds and Cassimeres;
Table Linens; Irish Linens;
Napkins; Doyles;
Spreads, &c., &c.;

All of which will be sold AT LOW AND UNIFORM PRICES.

o12 JOHN A. MILLER.

CHAMPAGNE—

75 boxes Chas. Farre "Sillery;"
15 do do do "Imperial;"

Received per steamer Fairchild and for sale by

J. H. SCHROEDER & SON,

n22 Wall street.

SUGAR—20 hhds fully fair to prime Sugar landing from steamer John Raine and for sale by

jan4 COOD & MOODY.

BRAN, SHORTS, AND SHIPSTUFFS—500 sacks of Bran Shorts and Shipstuffs, in store and for sale by GEO. R. PATTON,

No. 139 (old No. 34) Wall street, between Main and the river.

DANCING

AND

CALISTHENICS.

MR. W. STELL'S ACADEMY will re-open on FRIDAY, September 28th, in the MASONIC TEMPLE on Fourth street.

HOURS OF TUITION—Fridays, from 3 to 5; and Saturdays, from 10 to 1, and from 3 to 5 P. M.

Gentlemen's Class—Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from 8 to 11 o'clock.

TERMS PER QUARTER—Ten dollars, payable in advance. s24 dlm

Professional.

DOCTOR DILLON,

Graduate of England and Ireland,

FORMERLY DEMONSTRATOR OF ANATOMY to the School of Medicine, Cecelia street, Dublin, and Surgeon in H. M. Royal Navy.

Office and Residence removed to Fifth street, next to the Medical College.

Office hours, from 2 to 4 o'clock P. M. d113 d2m

E. SINCERE,

Louisville Optical Institute,

Main street, under National Hotel, Louisville, Ky.

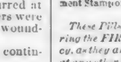
IMPROVED SPECTACLES AND EYE GLASSES of every description, to suit either near or far sight, corrects the faults in the Eye; Microscopes, Telescopes, Opera Glasses, Mathematical and Physical Instruments, Electric Machines, Thermometers and Stereoscopic Views in a great variety.

Artificial Human Eyes inserted, and New Glasses set into old frames. o3 dtf

DENTAL OFFICE.

JAS. H. BEDFORD.

North side of Jefferson street, between First and Second, opposite St. Cloud Hotel.



offers his professional services to the citizens of Louisville.

N. B. Special care taken in Filling and Extracting Teeth. Artificial Teeth inserted in the most approved style, possessing beauty, durability and comfort, and all work warranted. n27 dtf cow 3dp

JOHN L. SCOTT,

Attorney at Law,

FRANKFORT, KY.

OFFICE ADJOINING "YEOMAN" OFFICE.

REFERS TO—Gov. Magoffin, Frankfort, Ky.; Judge Duvall, Georgetown, Ky.; Pres. Milligan, Bacon College, Ky.; Rev. Dr. Pratt, Louisville, Ky.; Judge Frazier, Frankfort, Ky.; Chancellor Trimble, Paducah, Ky.; Hon. Wm. E. Simms, Paris, Ky.; Hon. A. G. Mayfield, Mayfield, Ky.; Judge Whitaker, Maysville, Ky.; Elder W. T. Moore, Frankfort, Ky. no dly

MADAME ROSENBAUGH,

DOCTRESS AND PHRENOLOGIST,

WOULD most respectfully inform her friends and patrons of Louisville that she has located on MARKET, between Second and Third, where her name is at the door—where she is ready to practice upon all standing diseases that flesh and blood are heir to, such as Scrofula, Dropsy, Liver Complaint, Fits, Blindness, Deafness, Affection of the Spleen, Rheumatism and Palsy, and will warrant cures in all cases of Cancers, Scrofula, Tetter, Erysipelas, Rheumatism and Corns, when the patient is not beyond the reach of mortal aid.

Madame R. being the first Astrologist of the city, will answer questions correctly and clear in relation on all the events of life; or what changes are before you, whether for weal or woe; about friends, and cause lost property, &c. Her fame is correct connected with her profession which will enable any one to obtain her guide to happiness and losses. She has also in her possession the celebrated MYSTIC MIRROR, brought from Africa, where in person can see their future partner, and also that of others. Madame R. is happy to say that she is the only one that can make these wonderful developments.

P. S.—Madame R being a natural Medium, will answer any questions.

Fee from 50 cents to $2. for ladies and Gentlemen. jan23 dtf

LAW CARD.

JOHN JONES, Jr.,

(COUSIN ATTORNEY.)

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Court House, Louisville, Ky., will give prompt attention to Legal business in the Courts of Louisville, and the Court of Appeals. dec2 dlm

MADAME BARNUM,

THE CELEBRATED SPANISH

ASTROLOGIST, CLAIRVOYANTE,

—AND—

FEMALE PHYSICIAN,

WOULD respectfully announce to the citizens of Louisville, that she has just arrived in the city, and can be consulted on all matters pertaining to Life, either Past, Present, or Future, Tracing the lines of life from infancy to old age, particularly those of Love, Courtship, Love, Law Matters, and Business of Life, Legacy, Lucky and Unlucky Days, Marriage, Courtship, Lovers, Law Matters, and Sickness of Friends and Friends at a Distance.

The Madame will be to her visitors a lifelike representation of their.

Future Husbands and Wives.

The Madame will also treat successfully all diseases, for crown persons, male or female, at their residence,

205 213 Seventh street, between Main and Market, east side, LOUISVILLE, KY. jy26 dlf

FINE BURNING OIL.

JUST Received on consignment, a lot of MAYSVILLE COAL OIL, a number far ahead of which we call the attention of the trade.

MOORE, WHEELER & ROBINSON,

Two doors above Bank of Kentucky,

s22tf Main Street.

R. A. SHRADER & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Dealers in Whisky, Brandy, Wines, &c., 507 Market street, above Brook, south side, Louisville, Ky.

In store, of our own importation—

250 Dbls. old Copper Whisky;
100 do do do do;
50 Dbls Bourbon do;
100 the Monongahela do;
100 do do do Cream;

Also, a general assortment of Liquors, Wines and Cigars, 1861 crop. d&wtf

JAVA COFFEE—75 mats prime Java Coffee received per railroad and for sale by

COOD & MOODY.

STARCH—100 boxes (assorted sizes) Madison Pearl Starch, just received and for sale by the trade by A. V. DUPONT & CO.

THE ECLECTIC GIFT BOOK—Three beautiful volumes, Turkey, Morocco, Gilt, containing Selected miscellany, only $10. Just received at 507 Fourth street. E. A. CRUMP.

JEANS AND LINSEYS—

100 cases superior Brands Kerr Jeans and Linseys, just received and for sale by

aug30 JACK & BROTHER, Main street.

GEORGE BLANCHARD & SON,

"JAS. JOLLY, Shoemaker, 111 at near BLANCHARD & SON'S, Fourth street, near Main."—And customers going to and from Blanchard & Son's come friendly. I am told that they received a new stock of Mens, Boys' and Youths' Clothing, and Furnishing Goods last week, and I suppose the crowd is a little greater than usual; in fact, brother John told me that several accidents occurred there last week in consequence of the dense rush of customers. It must be a good thing for Blanchard and your correspondent coming from there every day must be taken as evidence that Blanchard & Son have the best stock of goods in the city, and sell much cheaper than anybody else. I maintain that before I commenced dealing there, I had hard work to get along, but since I commenced buying my supplies at Blanchard & Son's, I am getting rich!" So Brother Jolly, Shoemaker, says. Call and go to *jolly* Blanchard & Son's.

W. D. GAETANO & CO., MAIN STREET, between Seventh and Eighth, have just received and offer for sale—

Malaga Raisins and Mr. in whole, half and quarter boxes;

Sultana Raisins, drums and half drums;

Almonds, Brazil Nuts, Filberts, Pecanoe, Prunes and Sicily soft shell;

Shelled Almonds in half and quarter boxes;

Fire Crackers and Fire Works;

Primes in jars and boxes;

Leghorn Citron and Zante Currants;

Mason Grapes, in whole and half kegs;

Smyrna Figs in do do drums;

Castor Oil, per drum and in jars;

Cognac Brandies, Old Cognac, &c., &c.

Wines and Liquors.

Extra fine Cigars. sep12 dtf

WALKER'S EXCHANGE,

Third street, between Market and Main.

Canvas-Back Ducks!

SHELL OYSTERS,

DIAMOND-BACK TERRAPINS,

AND ALL OTHER KINDS OF GAME in their season, received daily and will be served up in the most approved style.

Second Shipment of ENGLISH ALE just received from Burton-on-Trent, October brewing, on draught and for sale in any quantity.

Also, direct importation of fine old Brandy, Irish Whisky, Port and Sherry Wines, now in bond and for sale by

d20 J. CAWEIN & CO.

LADIES, ATTENTION!

CHEAP AND HANDSOME CHRISTMAS PRESENTS!

AT THE CHEAP LACE STORE.

JUST RECEIVED—

200 Embroider. Collars at only 41;
500 Lace Collars from 25c to 75c;
Real Valenciennes Collars at $2;
do do do Sets at only 75;
Embroidered Handkerchiefs at 33c;
Real Point Lace Collars at $4;
Embroidered Muslin Collars from 75c to $1;

Besides a full assortment of cheap and elegant Laces and Embroideries, all of which will be sold cheap for cash.

Call soon to get bargains, at

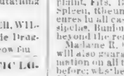
CHARLES F. KAUCHFUSS',

Cheap Lace Store,

200 Fourth street (old No. 200).

AMERICAN, RUSSIAN AND HUDSON BAY FUR COMPANY'S

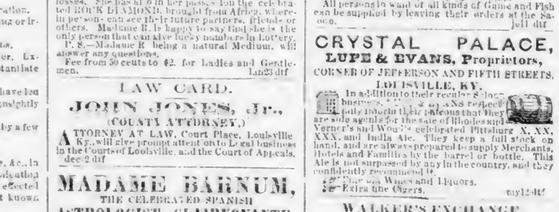
Furs at Auction Prices.



Superb Russian Sable Pelerines, Mantillas and Cloaks.
Superb Hudson Bay Sable Pelerines, Mantillas and Cloaks.
Cannon Sable Whole, Quarter and Half Capes.
Cannon Sable Mantillas, Victorines, Capes, Mantillas, and Cardinals.
Siberian Squirrel Victorines, Capes, Mantillas, French Sable Victorines, Whole, Half and Quarter Capes and Cloaks.
Black Coney, Mantillas and Victorines.
Black Lynx do do do.
Royal Ermine Pelerines and Capes.
Swan's Down do do do.
And a large stock of Misses' and Children's Furs in every variety.
Sable, Mink, Stone Marth and Pitch Muffs.
Ladies and Gents' Fur Gloves and Mufflers.
Buffalo and Wolf Sleigh and Carriage Robes.

Having made large purchases of Furs at *cash less* than auction prices, we will warrant them all *perfect*, and guarantee to make it cash and 40 per cent sale.

d15 Corner Fourth and Main.



JOHN C. TERFLOTH & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS FOR

EUGENE CLIQUOT'S

CHAMPAGNE!

WALL STREET..... NO. 46.

ap19 dtf

234 234

J. A. WHARTON & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

CABINET FURNITURE

OF ALL KINDS.

North side Market street, bet. Second and Third, AT THE OAK FRONT. d1yrs

MADAM BELL,

FORTUNE-TELLER,

Physician and Electropathist,

WOULD resp

River Intelligence.

LOUISVILLE.

FRIDAY MORNING.....JANUARY 18.

BOATS LEAVING TO-DAY.

For Particulars see Steamboat Advertisements.

TELEGRAPH No. 3, Cincinnati.
CLARA DOLSEN, Brittney, N. O.
GREY EAGLE, Daniels, Henderson.
TIME, Johnson, Florence.

ARRIVALS, January 17.

Jacob Strader, Cin; Keoshi Ile, Cin; City of Madison, Cin; J W Cheesman, St Louis; Horizon, N O;
Queen of the West, Cin; Messenger, Cin; Lancaster, Cart; Diligent, Leav; Grey Eagle, Henderson;

DEPARTURES.

Jacob Strader, Cin; Diligent, Leav; Lancaster, Cart; R J Adams, N O; City of Madison, N O; Messenger, Memphis;
J W Cheesman, Cin; Horizon, Cin; E H Fairchild, N O; Queen of the West, N O; Nashville, Nashv;

FALLS NAVIGABLE—FLOOD IS CUMBERLAND.—THE RIVER was rising steadily yesterday, with eleven feet water in the canal by the mark at dark. During the previous twenty-four hours the rise at the head of the falls had been twelve inches, with fully eight feet water on the falls for descending boats, and six feet in the middle chute for up-stream boats. That is the highest stage of water we have had this season, and we anticipate a full river. The weather has turned cool and rather clear, with frost last night.

At Cincinnati at noon yesterday, the river had risen twenty-seven inches, and at Pittsburg it was slowly rising, with over sixteen feet water in the channel, and mild weather.

The Kanawha and Kentucky are rising, with ten feet in the former, and we expect the falls to continue navigable for a week or more.

The Canada, a "Northern line" packet, that had been several months aground on the upper rapids of the Mississippi, was recently floated off safe by break-water from a gorge of ice.

The B. M. Runyan, at Nashville, Monday, broke loose and floated some distance down the river before she was stopped, slipping between the piers of the railroad bridge without touching. A narrow escape.

The Cumberland at Nashville is rising fast from the effects of the late rises, with an abundance of water on the Harpeth shoals for all navigable purposes, and a coalboat tide coming from headquarters.

From the messenger of Adams' Express, we learn that there is a tremendous freshet in the Cumberland, a perfect flood of waters, with forty-five feet in the channel yesterday morning by the pier mark, and the river still rising. All the tributaries were much swollen, and the freshet is one of the most sudden ever known. Fences and railroad bridges have been swept away in all directions, and immense damage done.

Salt river, Green river, and all the other lower tributaries are much swollen, which will make a flood in the lower Ohio, and the denizens of the aquatic city of Cairo will have to mount their stilts to keep their noses above water.

The City of Madison descended the falls yesterday, drawing about eight feet water. She bumped the reef right smartly, but was not hurt.

The great Atlantic, Capt. McGill, with 700 tons of freight, the heaviest load of the season, is due from New Orleans this evening, and returns South to-morrow, Saturday, evening.

The Atlantic will be enabled to ascend the falls and discharge her load at the city wharf.

☞ The Horizon, from New Orleans, ascended the falls last evening, on her way North. This boat was previously known by another name, a name that had become odious politically, and it should not be heard to the detriment of the boat.

☞ The Louisville Grey Eagle ascended the falls last evening, with the Bracelet in tow.

The Grey Eagle, is the regular mail and passenger packet, this evening, for Evansville, Henderson, and other places. She starts from the city wharf, and takes freight and passengers to all way points.

☞ The Diana, Capt. Sturgeon, left New Orleans on Wednesday evening, with a heavy cargo.

☞ The Time, Capt. Johnson, takes her departure to Tennessee river and all points as high as Florence, to-morrow evening. Shippers must get ready in time.

☞ The Linden, from Pittsburg, was at Cincinnati yesterday. She has 100 tons for this port to be reshipped.

☞ The Peytons, as we learn by special dispatch to Benedict & Son, the agents, was at Vicksburg Wednesday morning.—She left New Orleans Monday evening, and will be due here Sunday.

THE MAGENTA.—By special dispatch from Capt. Spotts, we learn that the Magenta, from New Orleans with 700 tons of freight, was at Vicksburg Monday evening. She left New Orleans on Saturday evening, and was detained by fog. She will be due Sunday, and returns to New Orleans Monday evening.

Another dispatch was received from the Magenta, from Memphis, last evening. She passed that point at 10 in the morning.

☞ The E. H. Fairchild and B. J. Adams, hence for New Orleans, did not get away on Wednesday evening, and were delayed at Portland until yesterday morning. They could not get their stock on board in the night.

☞ The Leslie Combs has gone to Pomeroy for salt for Frankfort.

☞ The Hazel Dell was at Memphis on Monday, with 800 bales of cotton for Cincinnati, waiting for a pilot to turn up.

☞ The New Uncle Sam left Memphis on Saturday, with 2,500 bales of cotton.

☞ The Emma, going North, left Nashville on Tuesday.

☞ The New Uncle Sam made an ineffectual effort, Saturday, to dislodge the wharf-boat that stuck in the mud at Memphis. There is a tide coming that will put it out of sight, if not out of the way.

☞ The ould Alcek Scott, at last dates, was aground at Ozark Island.

☞ The Golden State, from White river, was due at Memphis Monday.

☞ The Cincinnati Pilots' Association recently donated $100 for the poor of that city.

☞ The Silver Wave, from Pittsburg, was at Cincinnati yesterday, on her way South.

☞ Thanks to Messrs. Duvall and Bradley, clerks of the Grey Eagle, for a manifest.

FOR MEMPHIS.—The Bracelet has been placed permanently in the Memphis and White river trade, in charge of Capt. B. F. Duncan, who is said to be a very clever, attentive boatman. She is now at the city wharf ready for freight and will go to Memphis and White river to-morrow evening. The clerks are Richard Cox and Jos. Carr, formerly of the Grey Eagle.

THE CONWAY SCUE.—We learn from the Memphis Avalanche that on Friday last, forty miles above Napoleon, in the Arkansas, the Conway struck a snag and sunk in a few minutes. The Conway had been engaged in wrecking the Frontier City, and had the crew and all the freight of that boat on her, and the Frontier City, when she struck, had on board the freight and crew of the Sevier. There would seem to be a fatality in connection with the Sevier! No lives were lost.

The Conway was a small stern-wheel boat, worth about $8,000, and uninsured.—She was commanded by Capt. Robinson, and owned by Mr. Thomas, living on the Arkansas river.

☞ The Cotton Plant will be sold by Sheriff McRae, of Vicksburg, on the 21st.

☞ The New Orleans Delta, of Sunday last, has the following in regard to the great Southern Omnibus packet:

The C. E. Hillman, the largest trip (3,332 bales) which has ever come out of the month of Red river, and had it not been for bad weather, would have come on time. She is now making regular connections both with the Cronis and with the Red Chief.

☞ The Chester Ashley succeeded in getting within six miles of Little Rock, in the Arkansas, and had to lay up on account of the low water.

☞ Capt. John T. Shirley, a veteran steamman, has the office of clerk of the Republic, in the Memphis trade.

☞ The Telegraph No. 3, in charge of Capt. Hildreth, is the mail and passenger packet for Cincinnati and the East at noon to-day.

☞ The Mississippi at St. Louis, on Wednesday, was slowly swelling, with mild weather. The Meteor was the only steamer from New Orleans. She was four and a half to six feet water in the channel, and considerable floating ice.

EXPORTS.—The Autocrat, for New Orleans, passed Cairo, Tuesday, Jan. 15th, at two o'clock, P. M., with 1000 tons freight, consisting of the following articles, as we learn by letter from W. J. Field, the clerk: 400 molasses barrels, 200 do. half barrels, 1386 bbls. pork, 22 casks meat, 115 plows, 83 coils rope, 11 bales twine, 1 cart, 50 bbls. whisky, 10 half bbls. do., 95 packages merchandise, 4 bbls. and 100 sacks pigs feet, 25 bdls. paper, 5 stubble shares, 34 ps. castings, 28 bbls. beef, 5 bbls. apple, 32 kegs lard, 4 bbls. oil, 1 cask liquor, 507 lbs. lard, 30 bbls. lard, 6 bbls. sausage, 52 tcs. hams, 2311 bags corn, 150 bales hay, 30 bbls. tongues, 15 bales cotton, 25 bbls. onions, 364 pcs. tulk meat, 392 bbls. flour, 100 coops chickens, 2 coops turkeys, 250 head sheep, 7 head horses, 161 head mules, 7 head cattle.

RECEIPTS BY THE RIVER.

Embracing only the Leading Articles of Import.

ST LOUIS—Per J W Cheesman—4 packages dried fruit, 1 bag feathers, Brady & Davies—50 kegs shot, 500 pigs lead, Bustard—18 d hides, 1 box merchandise, John White & Co—40 bundle cornsacks, G B Patton, 5 kegs shot, Weller & Parker—16 kegs shot, Glazebrook & Bro—55 bbls lead, Castleman, Burrell & Co—60 bbls lead 5 do shot, Woodward & Co—25 bbls peaches, 11 packages rags, 1 dry hides, Bamberger—15 bags seed, W H Stokes—79 bags sundries, Duckwall, Trussel & Co——

CAIRO—Per steamer Jacob Strader—115 grind stones, Schmidt—40 bbls flour, Lamb 30 boxes cheese, Nock, Wicks & Co—16 bundles iron, O T Ball & Co—40 bbls whisky, John Sandee & Co—45 bbls apples, 2 tierces rice, 10 rolls leather, 71 packages merchandise, C. to consignees—

HENDERSON—Per Grey Eagle—41 packages merchandise, 50 hides, consignees—20 bs ge, Mc Thacker—40 bales hay, Duckwall—1 bbls lobac co, Spratt, Bourn & Co—10 dozen brooms, Orlin Rawson—1 hhds tobacco, Ronald & Brent—21 bbls clover seed, John F Howard & Co—19 bbls clover seed, J S Morris & Sons—sundries, consignees—

Commercial.

OFFICE LOUISVILLE COURIER, THURSDAY EVEN'G, Jan. 17, 1861.

In financial circles there is no change of importance to note to-day. The demand for money was rather larger than yesterday, but we heard of less complaint, owing to the fact that the banks discounted more liberal than they have heretofore. The prospects are brightening every day, and we hope soon to able to report that money matters are very easy. The collections from the South are coming slowly, though they are much better than they have been for some months back. Unquestionably money is much easier, with a slight decline in the rates. There is no change in the market for exchange.

In the general market there is no change to note, unless it is an increase in the demand for flour. The sales today were large, a portion of them being for shipping at prices ranging from $4 75@$5 00 for superfine to extra family brands. The dispatches from New York this evening were not very favorable, yet there is no change to note in the market. A decline of 5 P bbl was established in New York, with a more active demand. The receipts of wheat are light and not equal to the demand, and the market remains very firm and buoyant at the outside quotations. The sales today were made at New $1 05 for prime red and white, but lots of choice white would command an advance on the above quotations. The demand for corn continues large to fill Southern orders, and all that arrives is readily sold at full prices. The sales to-day were about 5,000 bushels at 45c for ear and 52@55c for shelled, sacks included. There is a better feeling in the market for oats, with sales to day at 35c, sacks included, and 32c in bulk.

Groceries are quiet and unchanged, with moderate transactions.

The provision market was very firm, with a fair demand for mess pork, but the sales were limited to 370 bbls at $15. The market was very buoyant at this price, and holders were not willing to sell, preferring to hold in hopes of an advance which is speedily looked for. The news from all sections is very favorable, but the demand is almost entirely from the South, from which direction orders are rapidly coming in accompanied by the cash. There is also an active demand for bacon, and the market closed firm, with sales at 7½c for shoulders, 9c for rib and 10c for clear sides. There was some inquiry for hams, with fair sales of "Falls City" at 11½c. There was a large demand for bulk meats, and the market was somewhat excited, and at the close holders were axceedingly firm. The sales were 15,000 lbs bulk shoulders at 6½c loose, 12,000 lbs at 6¾c packed, and 1,200 pieces at 6¾c packed, 75,000 lbs bulk clear sides at 9c. There is nothing doing in lard outside of a retail business to fill Southern orders.

Monetary.

The Peoria Transcript of Tuesday says:

A new counterfeit on the Bank of the State of Indiana has just made its appearance. The bill is a "two," and has an emigrant wagon in the center, and a head of Jefferson on the right, at the bottom. The engraving is most exquisitely executed, but the bank has no such plate.

Hog Items.

The Cincinnati Gazette says:

The receipts of hogs were fair during the last 24 hour, but the demand was good, the weather being more favorable, and prices ruled a shade higher. We do not hear of any sales of the close extra heavy could not be bought below $6 50. The receipts were 4,500 head during the last 24 hours. The continued good consumptive demand for the product leads to make holders of hogs firmer, and notwithstanding the receipts will be quite liberal for a day or two, full or perhaps better prices will be realized.

The demand for mess pork was quite pressing to-day, and prices advanced fully 25c per bbl, closing buoyant. The sales reached 1,800 bbls at $16 40@$16 50. Country brands, delivered in the interior, were held at $16 25.—The news from New York made the market close very firm, though the demand is nearly altogether from the South, from whence orders are coming rapidly, accompanied with the cash. We presume the Northern people, fearing a blockade, are anxious to lay in supplies speedily. The demand for bulk meats is good from the Southern trade, and though the orders are small, they are numerous, and the market closed very firm, it being quite difficult to buy at 6¼@6¾ packed, holders asking ¼ higher. Lard in active demand, and prices ½ higher. Sales add up 2,000 tierces at 9¾@9¾, and 9¾ closing firm with more buyers than sellers at the latter rate. Keg is held at 10¾@10¾c. Nothing of importance inspired in green meats. 1,500 pieces sides sold at 7c.—Shoulders may be quoted at 5½ and hams at 6¾@7c.

The Peoria Transcript of Tuesday says:

The hog market was unusually dull yesterday. Very few dressed hogs were sold, and the number slaughtered at the several yards was quite limited. The market has advanced a shade, and we think to day the receipts will be larger.

The St. Louis Democrat of this morning says:

HOGS—No transactions since our last. Few arriving, and prices steady at 6@6¾c, dividing on 200 lbs. It is about the close of the packing season; about 70,000 head have thus far been killed—just the number packed altogether last year. Some few thousand head more are contracted for, and probably 5,000@10,000 head will yet be killed.

The Terre Haute (Ind.) Express says:

As the season draws near its close the price of hogs stiffens somewhat and rates remain firm at $5—some extra heavy lots having been sold at prices a shade higher. But few more will be packed. Total number packed to date 44,801.

White & Elder's Baltimore Weekly Coffee Report.

Stock of Rio Coffee, Jan. 1st, 1861	25,000 bags.
Received since, per bark Indus	4,600 "
	29,600
Taken for consumption	11,200 "
Stock of Rio this day	18,400 "
Sales	11,200 "

REMARK—

After a long period of depression, the downward tendency in prices has been arrested, and the market since the new year has exhibited a more cheerful tone. Transactions within a few days have been somewhat extensive, chiefly from the supply of Western orders, the quantity taken for consumption exceeding that of the previous two months. The demand is confined to the low grades of Rio.

We quote prime Rio at 12¾@13c; fair to good 12@12½; small sales of Porto Rico green at 13@13¾; Java 16@17c; no Laguayra in the market.

BALTIMORE, January 12, 1861.

Daily Review Louisville Market.

FLOUR AND GRAIN—Sales of 625 bbls flour at $4 75@$5 53, 3,000 bushels wheat at 95c@$1 05; 1,600 bushels shelled corn at 50@55c, sacks included, 800 bushels oats at 35c, sacks included.

HAY—Sales of 84 bales hay at $16@$16 50 from store.

SHEETING—Sales of 17 bales sheeting at 8¾@9c.

CHEESE—Sales of 40 boxes cheese at 8½@9c for W. R.

WHISKY—Sales of 270 bbls raw whisky at 14c.

GROCERIES—Sales of 26 hhds sugar at 6½@6¾c; 71 bbls molasses at 28@29c; 110 bags of coffee at 13@13½c.

PROVISIONS—Sales of 370 bbls mess pork at $17; 40 casks bacon at not quite 7c for Falls City brand at 11½c; 18,000 lbs bulk shoulders at 6½c loose, 12,000 lbs at 6¾c packed, and 1,200 pieces at 6¾c packed, 75,000 lbs bulk clear sides at 9c loose.

TOBACCO.—There are about 1,000 hhds in the warehouses at present, which are held above the current rates. Sales, 39 hhds Thursday of 4 hhds, viz: 2 at $3 25@$3 65, 1 at $5 55, and 1 at $7 00.

DIED,

In this city, on the evening of the 16th inst., in the 63d year of her age, HANNAH DAVIS, wife of LIVINGSTON K. GAITHER.

At Mound City, Illinois, on the 13th inst., DAVID GOODLOE, aged 4 years and 7 months, son of Geo. W. and Rose A. Carter.

☞ Lexington, Mo., papers please copy.

January 12th, of pneumonia, GEORGE M., youngest son of C. and E. J. Brewster.

The funeral will take place on this (Friday) evening, 18th inst., at 2 o'clock, from the residence. The friends and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend without further notice.

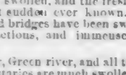
ATTENTION!

WORKING MEN AND MECHANICS OF THE 27TH AND 8TH WARDS.

W. BALLARD is a candidate for Mayor of the Borough of Millville in the 4th District at the Saturday election. jan18 d2

Harris' Dayton Ale and Porter AT THE ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT.

FIFTH STREET, BET. MAIN AND MARKET.



JUST RECEIVED, a fresh supply of John W. Harris's Dayton, Ohio, Pale, Cream, and Stock Ale and Porter, which is far superior to any other American manufactory.

The above Ale and Porter will be sent to all parts of the country in any quantity.

C. C. BUFFER, Sole Agent for Kentucky.

N. B.—My Restaurant is supplied with all luxuries of the season, such as Oysters in the shell, Diamond-back Terrapins, Salmon, Venison, &c., all of which I am prepared to serve in my Restaurant or send to any part of the city.

☞ Families, and Hotels furnished at short notice. ja18

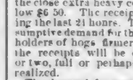
C. C. BUFFER.

Useful as well as Ornamental!

Christmas & New Year's Presents AT WM. KENDRICK'S,

No. 225 Third street, between Main and Market

My stock of



WATCHES, JEWELRY AND SILVER PLATED WARE,

Was never better than at present, and offered on as good terms as such quality of goods can be procured in the city. Many styles quite new. Call and examine.

LIST AND WOOLEN RAG CARPET.

I MANUFACTURE List and Woolen Rag Carpets on an extensive scale, and enabled to furnish dealers with any quantity. I will also make Carpets for such persons who find their own material, by the yard, in same and terms as Keller & Maxcy, on Third street, between Main and River.

N. B.—Cash paid for List and old Woolen Rags. oct6dam

Latest by Telegraph.

LAST NIGHT'S DISPATCHES.

XXXVITH CONGRESS—SECOND SESSION.

Thursday's Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 17.—SENATE.—Mr. Fessenden presented the credentials of Hon. Lot M. Morrill, as United States Senator from Maine, in place of Mr. Hamlin. The credentials were referred and Mr. Morrill sworn in.

The Chair presented a communication from the Governor of Ohio, directing him to present the credentials of Hon. S. P. Chase as United States Senator from Ohio. The credentials were read.

Mr. Hunter called up the Deficiency Bill.

Mr. Cameron desired to postpone it in order to take out another bill, which was very important.

Mr. Hunter—I can't give way. The amendment is to substitute $450,000 instead of $800,000.

Mr. Fessenden—$450,000 will be necessary to pay the expenses of the two slavers already captured.

Mr. Hunter—$450,000 is the amount necessary to protect the Treasury.

The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Hunter offered an amendment on the end of the bill for $500,000 to pay the Chiriqui contract, made by A. W. Thompson in May, 1859. The contract is for a coaling station on the Isthmus of Panama. $800,000 were allowed for the Chiriqui contract by a vote—ayes 39, nays 8.

Mr. Fitch, from the Committee on Printing, reported an amendment to the Deficiency bill to enabled the Superintendent of public printing to carry out the provisions of the resolution creating a bureau of public printing. Agreed to, 37 to 9.

Mr. Gwin offered an amendment to the Deficiency bill, to pay Com. Vanderbilt $250,000 per annum for carrying the mails via New York and Panama, to San Francisco.

Mr. Latham moved to strike out Com. Vanderbilt's name. Agreed to.

Mr. Hale moved to amend, so that it should read, from the 1st of July 1860 to the 1st of July 1861. Agreed to.

Mr. Johnson, Ark., from the Committee on Public Lands, reported an amendment, appropriating $12,857 for the Kickapoo Land Office, Kansas. Agreed to.

The bill was then passed.

At half past one the Pacific Railroad bill was taken up.

Mr. Lane said the principal object was to get a branch to Portland, Maine.

Mr. Benjamin said: If the United States pays for building that portion which would benefit California, other States have a right to similar demand.

Mr. Gwin said the building of a Pacific Railroad has been pressed upon the Senate as a means of military defense to the country.

Mr. Lane. This Government has no power to build a road through a State.

Mr. Green—I will vote for a great main trunk line. I regard it not only convenient but indispensable.

Mr. Latham—The Southern route will cost just $15,000,000.

Mr. Green—The Government never paid a quarter of a dollar in advance for the payment of the carrying of the mails.

Mr. Douglas—The bill is not a measure to make a road, it is a contract for transportation, and not for construction.

On motion of Mr. Bigler, the Senate went into Executive Session.

HOUSE.—Mr. Potter, from the Navy Committee, reported the Senate joint resolution in favor of Com. Paulding.

Mr. Hindman objected to its consideration. It was understood that it gave permission to Com. Paulding to accept a reward and grant of land from Nicaragua for having acted in the capacity of constable for Great Britain and Nicaragua.

Mr. Potter—The gentleman is entirely mistaken; it was not for acting as a constable, but for distinguished services tendered this country and Nicaragua.

Mr. Hindman would not inquire into the matter of distinguished services. He condemned Com. Paulding's conduct then as he did now.

Mr. Clemens, of Va., presented a memorial signed by 28,000 persons in his Congressional District—the counties of Ohio, Hancock, Brook, Wetsell, and Tyler—in favor of an adjustment of the slavery question in the Union.

Mr. Webster, of Md., presented a memorial from some of his constituents in favor of Crittenden's plan of adjustment. He believed that the signers of the memorial represented the wishes of the people of all parts of his Congressional District.

It was laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the State of the Union, and took up the army bill.

Mr. Sickles said it was now too late to discuss the right of secession; it must be looked upon as a fixed fact; we should avoid, by all means, coercion and the adoption of any policy of aggression, but that a like spirit and a like purpose should animate our Southern brethren. It would never do for them to protest against coercion while at the same time they seize the arsenals, forts, navy-yards and ships which come within their reach. When Southern States themselves employ force, they cannot cry peace and complain of coercion.

After showing that secession ordinances could not deprive the Government of seceded jurisdiction and property in the forts, &c., which are the common defense, he said the danger lies in collision. The act of secession from the beginning to the end, was as perfect as human agency could make it. No interference was attempted by the Executive or Legislature of this Government; therefore, in no sense has coercion been employed, but the acts of South Carolina, including the firing into the star of the west, were acts of flagrant war, and if it had been attempted by any foreign power, would have raised every man in the nation to resistance. At the close of his remarks, he said whatever may be the issue of events, whether happily by conciliation and justice to the south we may find an honorable and fraternal solution of our difficulties, or whether unhappily we blindly drift into alienation, war and irrevocable separation, the great commercial interests of the country require the destiny of American civilization demands, that the political and territorial control of this continent, from the mouth of the Mississippi, from the Atlantic to the Pacific shall remain where it now exists, in the hands of the Government of the United States. In all the parties in issues between the South and the Republican party the people of New York City are with the South, but when the South makes an untenable issue with our country, when the flag of the Union is insulted, when the fortified places provided for the common defense are assaulted and seized, when the South abandons its Northern allies for English and French co-operation, then the loyalty and patriotic feeling of the Empire city are a unit for the Union.

Mr. Ashley, of Ohio, maintained that there were no causes for a dissolution of the Union and an overthrow of the Government. To meet the secession movement the world should ask the ports of entry, where the laws are now enforced, proclaim a blockade in the ports of the rebellious States, and let Southern men take the consequences of their own rebellious acts.

Mr. Edwards, of Maine, said when it should be tried to cut off New England from the rest of the Confederacy, it would be found she could live as well without the South as the South could without her. New England was always prompt to repel foes from without and to meet traitors at home. She was willing to make any reasonable compromise which could not be construed into an abandonment of principle, but the Union must and shall be preserved."

From New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—James E. Kerrigan, member of Congress elect from the Fourth District of New York, has been summoned as a witness before the United States Court. He, it will be remembered, advertised sometime since for men to form a military organization for some unknown object.

It is announced this afternoon that the Bank of the Republic, under instructions from the Governor of North Carolina, will pay the interest on all the bonds of the State without regard to the late frauds in the Interior Department.

The Commercial's Washington dispatch says the Senate Committee on Commerce, by a vote of the Southerners against the Northern men, has decided not to report Mr. McIntyre's nomination for Collector of Charleston to the Senate.

The President-elect sent to the Senate the name of Mr. Holt as Secretary of War.

The visit of the New York Congressional delegation to the President is deferred, the Cabinet being in session to day.

The New York Post's dispatch says that Lord Lyons, Mr. Schultler, the Bremen Charge, and the members of the diplomatic corps, have requested Secretary Black to furnish official information whether the Government of the United States will recognize the clearances of vessels which may be issued by the State authorities of South Carolina, and also whether foreign vessels could probably pay duties to South Carolina officers. Mr. Black's reply has not transpired. It is understood to have been in the negative in reply to both questions. He states, however, that foreign vessels entering seceding ports and paying duties ignorantly, would have more indulgence than others, but adds that the Government is reluctant to consider the subject in the present unsettled state of the country.

The vote in the Senate yesterday on the Crittenden proposition, was immediately telegraphed South by the secessionists, who were greatly rejoiced at the result.

Many bids have been offered for the five million loan. They will be opened on Saturday. The bulk of the loan will probably be taken at 8 per cent.

The President has nominated Mr. Dockarly as Consul to Constantinople.

Call for a Mass Meeting.

PITTSBURG, January 17.—This evening's Chronicle contains a call for a grand mass meeting to be held by members of all parties to recommend the passage of the Crittenden Compromise, or any other practicable and reasonable compromise designed to settle the differences between the North and South. The call is signed by a large number of the most prominent business men of the city.

ARRIVAL OF THE CANADIAN.

PORTLAND, Jan. 17.—The steamer Canadian, from Liverpool the 3d, and Londonderry the 4th, arrived this afternoon. She brings £160,000 in specie.

The ship Guttenburg, from New York for Hamburg, was totally lost on the Goodwin Sands. Seven persons out of thirty escaped.

The steamer Victoria, with the Rangoon telegraph cable on board, went ashore on Plymouth Sound.

The Bank of France raised its rates of discount from 4½ to 5½ per cent. The bourse was lower. Rentes, 67f. 25c.

Negotiations for a treaty of commerce between France and Belgium had terminated satisfactorily. Important reductions were made in favor of Belgian iron and coal.

It is rumored that France may ask for further indemnity from China.

The Paris Monituer says that financial events of foreign countries influenced the French money market in a manner to be regretted, but declares that the report that France was under the necessity of having recourse to a new loan is without foundation. Detachments of French troops, which were under orders for China, were sent to reinforce the troops in Syria.

Poerio was elected President of the Electoral College at Naples.

It was reported that a Sardinian loan of 200,000,000 francs was about to be negotiated in Paris.

An insignificant attempt at reaction at Naples on the 30th was easily suppressed. Naples and the provinces were tranquil.

It is confirmed that the published revision of the Pope's recent allocution is a forgery. The real document being mild, inoffensive, and principally dwelling on the trials to which the Church is being subjected.

The demand for money in London on Thursday was moderate.

The official Prussian Gazette announces that the Prince Regent assumes the reins of Government as King William V.

A Berlin letter says the excitement in all the States of the German Confederation greatly resembles the agitation preceding 1848.

A Frankfort journal asserts the early sitting of the German Diet. A proposition will be made to call on the Cabinet at Turin for categorical explanations relative to a decree of the German General of Aucona, in which Trieste is described as an Italian town.

ARRIVAL OF THE EDINBURG.

NEW YORK, Jan. 17.—The steamer Edinburg, from Liverpool the 2d, via Queenstown the 3d, has arrived.

Napoleon in reply to Lord Cowley, the English Ambassador, on New Year's day, said he regarded the future with confidence, and was convinced that a friendly understanding between the Powers will maintain peace, which was the object of his desire.

A meeting of the Jews from all parts of the world had been held at London to concert measures for the restoration of the child Mortara.

The Queen of Naples had left Gaeta.

The details of the wreck of the Guttenburg state that twenty-five lives were lost and five saved.

The Edinburg brings $600,000 in specie.

Virginia Legislature.

RICHMOND, Jan. 17.—In the Senate the Committee on Federal Relations reported resolutions that, in the opinion of the General Assembly, the propositions embraced in the Crittenden resolutions constitute such a basis of adjustment as would be accepted by the people of the Commonwealth; that Commissioners be appointed to the General Government, also to South Carolina and other seceding States, with instructions respectfully to request the President and authorities of said States to agree to abstain, pending the proceedings contemplated by the action of this General Assembly, from all acts calculated to produce a collision of arms between the States and the General Government. It was made the order of the day for to-morrow. Considerable opposition was manifested, and a substitute was offered. The Governor communicated the resolutions of the New York Legislature, with a message expressing the utmost disdain. In closing, he says the threat conveyed can inspire no terror among freemen. Tabled and ordered to be printed.

The House has adopted the resolutions reported by the Committee on Federal Relations, constituting a National Convention on the 4th of February, with an amendment that the Commissioners appointed shall be subject at all times to the control of the General Assembly, or if, in secession, to that of the State Convention. This embraces the approval of Mr. Crittenden's propositions.

From Charleston.

CHARLESTON, Jan. 17.—In the Senate today the Military Committee reported in favor of raising four companies of artillery, declaring that the exigencies of the times demanded that South Carolina be on a war footing to meet opposers from any quarter. The State should have a permanent military establishment and fortifications. The Committee recommend that the army consist of a regiment of infantry and a battalion of artillery of four companies. It will form a nucleus around which the militia and volunteers can rally, and besides have peace establishment, or furnish South Carolina's quota in the army of a Southern Confederacy.—The Senate went into secret session on the proposition to lay a submarine telegraph between Charleston, Morris Island, Fort Moultrie, Fort Johnson, and Castle Pinckney.

Railroad Accident.

NARROWSBURG, Erie R. R., Jan. 17.—Two cars of the night express train, bound west, ran off the track, near Lake Huntington Station, last night, by a broken rail. A brakeman was thrown from the platform and killed, and a lady passenger had her ankle sprained. The train was delayed two hours.

River and Weather.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 17, M.—River 16 feet 6 inches by pier mark, and rising slowly. Weather cloudy and damp.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 17, P. M.—River 17 feet by pier mark, and at a stand. Weather cloudy and cool.

TELEGRAPH MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, January 17—M.

Flour unchanged and dull. Whisky 13¾c. Hogs firm and unchanged; receipts 5,000 head. Mess pork firm at $16 50. Bulk meats 6½@6¾, and in good demand. Lard in demand at 9¾c. Green meats firmer; shoulders 5¾, sides 7, and hams 6¾@7c.

NEW YORK, January 17—M.

Flour—receipts 7,250 bbls; market 5c lower; little more doing; sales 12,000 bbls at $5 15@5 45 for superfine State, and $5 40@5 50 for extra State; $5 05@5 25 for superfine Western, $5 10@5 40 for common to medium extra Western, $4 85@5 00 for inferior to good shipping brands extra R. O. Canadian flour dull and drooping; sales 200 bbls at $5 50@7 25. Rye flour steady at $3 35@3 50 for common to choice superfine.

Wheat—receipts 260 bushels; market is very dull and a shade easier; sales 30,000 bushels at $1 24 for Northwestern club, $1 30@1 31 for choice do, $1 32 for amber Michigan, $1 31@1 33 for winter red Western, and $1 52 for white Western.

Rye quiet and 75@75c. Barley—market firm; sales of 6,000 bushels State at 73c.

Receipts of corn 300 bushels; the market opened dull and declining, with sales of 43,000 bushels at 60@62c for mixed Western in store and delivered.

Oats firm; sales at 36@38c for Western.—Pork dull and unchanged; sales of 150 bbls at $17 37½@17 50 for mess, $13 62½@13 75 for prime. Beef quiet and unchanged; sales of 100 bbls.—Cut meats more active. Lard steady; sales 200 bbls at 9¾@9¾c. Butter in limited request at 10@15c for Ohio, and 15@20c for State. Cheese is steady at 9c. Whisky without material change; sales 300 bbls at 18¾@19¾c.

CINCINNATI, January 17—P. M.

Flour unchanged and quiet. Whisky unimportant—super $4 50.

Wheat firm at full prices; market quiet in active demand; prices tending upwards; the demand from the South is increasing. Extra white Ohio can be had at $1 48@1 49; red, $1 40@1 45. Whisky in good demand at 13¾; sales of 1,500 bbls. Hogs in good demand and firm; 3,000 head sold at $5 50@5 60. Receipts 4,500 head the last 24 hours. Good demand for mess pork 50 bbls sold at $16 50; holders asking $16 75, closing buoyant. Good demand for bulk meats; large sales at the following delivery, 6½@6¾c; 200,000 pounds sold at 6¾c on the spot. Lard is in good demand; sales of 500 tierces at 9¾; and now held higher; green meats 5¾@6¾ for shoulders and sides, and 6¾@7 for hams. Groceries firm at full prices.

NEW YORK, January 17—P. M.

Cotton heavy and lower; sales 2,800 bales at 12¾@12¾c. Flour has declined 5c with a little more doing for export &c; sales of 13,000 bbls at $5 15@5 25 for super State, and $5 30@5 35 for extra do, $5 00@5 25 for superfine Western, $5 40@5 75 for common to medium extra Western, and $5 75@6 00 for shipping brands. Whisky—sales 350 bbls at 18¾@18½.

BALTIMORE, January 17—P. M.

Flour dull; Howard street and Ohio Super held at $5 62 with no buyers. Wheat steady—red at 96@$1 38, white $1 45@1 50. Corn firm; mixed 62@63c. Provisions steady; mess pork $17 50, ramp $13.

New York Stock Market.

NEW YORK, January 17—P. M

Stocks lower:

Chicago and Rock Island 56¾; Cleveland and Toledo 30¾; Illinois Central Scrip 86½, Chicago Burlington and Quincy 75¾; Hudson 21¾; Erie 35¾; New York Central 78, Panama 115, Pacific Mail Steamship Co 90; Tennessee 6's 71¾; N. C. 6's 74½; Kentucky 6's 96; U. S. Treasury 12 per cent. notes 102½; United States 6's of 1871 93¾.

Money Market.

NEW YORK, January 17—M.

Money easy and plenty at old rates. Sterling exchange 108½@108; very firm for best bankers bills with little or no sales.

CINCINNATI, January 17—P. M.

The money market is unchanged. Exchange on New York and Boston has advanced ½ per cent. premium, and good demand and light supply.

Foreign Commercial.

[Per steamer Teutonia.]

LIVERPOOL, January 7

Cotton—Market quiet.
Breadstuffs—Corn inactive.

LONDON MONEY MARKET

LONDON, January 7.

Consols closed at 92½@93¾ for account ex. dividend

BUFFALO AND FANCY SLEIGH RODES AT CRAIG'S.

COFFEE—151 bags Coffee landing from steamer John Raine and for sale by
jan4 E. BUSTARD, No. 228 West Main st.

SUGAR—84 hhds Sugar landing from steamer John Raine and for sale by
jan4 E. BUSTARD, No. 228 West Main st.

Auction Sales.

BY S. G. HENRY & CO.

REGULAR WEEKLY SALE OF GROCERIES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS!

With a closing sale of

ASSORTED SPICES, WRAPPING PAPER, FINE BROOMS, GENTS' HEAVY SACK AND FROCK COATS.

THIS MORNING (Friday), at 10 o'clock, at Auction rooms, No. 334 Main street.

Terms cash—Bankable money.
jan18-d1 S. G. HENRY & CO., Auctioneers.

BY C. C. SPENCER.

POSITIVE SALE OF STOCK, WAGONS, CARTS, FARMING IMPLEMENTS AND CROP, ON SIX MONTHS' CREDIT, AT AUCTION.

HAVING leased for a term of years my Country Seat, "ROSENWICK," situated in Oldham county, near Beard's Station, on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad, I will, on WEDNESDAY, January 23d, 1861, at about the hour of 10 o'clock A. M., sell to the highest bidder, all the STOCK, FARMING IMPLEMENTS AND CROP, on said place, consisting of—

Horses, Cow, Wagons, Carts, Plows, Harrows, Hay Rake,
One Manny's Threshing Machine in good order,
Grain and Grass Sythes, Garden Rakes,
Cutting Box, Corn Sheller,
Corn in Shocks, Oats, Hay, &c., &c.

☞ The attention of Farmers is called to this sale. The Farming Implements are of the very best kind, having been selected with great care for my own use, and are nearly new.

TERMS.—$25 cash in hand, over $25 six months credit, with joint notes and approved security.
jan17-d1d C. C. SPENCER, Auctioneer

BY C. C. SPENCER.

GRANITE WARE, FURNITURE AND HOUSE KEEPING ARTICLES, AT AUCTION.

TO-MORROW (Saturday), January 19, at 10 o'clock, will be sold at Auction rooms, No. 320 Main street, a variety of Household Furniture and House-keeping articles, embracing the usual assortment, and including a large lot of Canada Parlor, Chamber, Dining-room, and Hall Chairs. Also, by special order, a large assortment of White Granite Stone China Ware, consisting of Tea and Coffee Sets, Breakfast, Dinner and Tea Plates, Vegetable and Meat Dishes; Ewers and Basins; Bowls, Pitchers, Cream Mugs